

BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)



BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

General Information

Lega	l form of	entity
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Municipality (MFMA)

Mayoral committee

Executive Mayor

Councillors

J.D. Levendal (Deputy Executive Mayor)

A. Steyn (Speaker)

B.D Kivedo

W.M. Blom A.M. du Toit S. Goedeman A.E. Jordaan W.R. Meiring M. Sampson E.Y. Sheldon

Grading of local authority

Councillors Grade 4

Personnel Grade 10

Accounting Officer

GF Matthyse

J.F. van Zyl

Chief Finance Officer (CFO)

D. McThomas

Registered office

Civic Centre Baring Street Worcester

6850

леотгоя, стаевыт 2012—11- 3 0

Business address

Civic Centre Baring Street Worcester 6850

Postal address

Private Bag X3046

Worcester

6850

Bankers

ABSA Bank Limited

Auditors

Auditor-General of South Africa

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Accounting Officer's Responsibilities and Approval

The accounting officer is required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003), to maintain adequate accounting records and is responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is the responsibility of the accounting officer to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the municipality as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended. The external auditors are responsible for reporting on the fair presentation of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122 (3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

The financial statements are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The accounting officer acknowledges that he is ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the municipality and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the accounting officer to meet these responsibilities, the accounting officer sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or financial statements in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the municipality and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the municipality's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the municipality is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the municipality. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the municipality endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The accounting officer is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the financial statements, However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or financial statements.

The accounting officer has reviewed the municipality's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2012 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, he is satisfied that the municipality has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis that the municipality is a going concern and that the municipality has neither the intention nor the need to liquidate or curtail materially the scale of the municipality.

The external auditors are responsible for independently reviewing and reporting on the municipality's financial statements.

The accounting officer certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councillors, loans made to Councillors, if any, and payments made to Councillors for deficit of office, if any, as disclosed in note 29 of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and

Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

Accounting Officer-

AUDITOR- OTHERAL 2012 -11- 3 0

Report of the Auditor-General

Annual Financial Statements not yet Audited.



Accounting Officer's Report

The accounting officer submits his report for the year ended 30 June 2012.

1 Review of activities

Main business and operations

Breede Valley Municipality is situated in the Western Cape Province, 120 km north-east of Cape Town. Included in its boundaries are Worcester, Rawsonville, De Doorns and Touwsriver and surrounding rural areas. It covers 3015 sq. km and is home to around 200 000 people.

The municipality is set between three mountain ranges, incorporating some of the most valuable and fertile agricultural land in the country. The area is endowed with a diverse cultural history, regional accessibility and unique natural beauty that attract a great number of tourists.

The operating results for the year were pleasing for the following reasons. The financial position of the municipality is described to be sound, with an accumulated surplus of R1 497 852 917 at year-end.

Net Deficit of the municipality was R 9 232 732 (2011: Restated surplus R 9 871 551). The overall summarised operating results for the Municipality in comparison to the approved budget are shown in the Statement of Financial Performance and also reflects a summary of income and expenditure. The segmental operating results are shown in Appendix C to the Financial Statements. The net deficit's result of the fact that housing top structures were incorrectly threated as expenses every year, adjustments had to be made to recognise the houses not handed over as inventory. Houses handed over have an expense in the respective financial year. It is not actual cash over expenditure but a merely correct treatment of the Grap 12 accounting standard.

2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business. The solvency analyses show that the assets cover the liabilities by 400% (2011: 395%). The coverage increase from 395% to 400%, the Municipality can still operate as a going concern.

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2012 -11- 3 9

3 Subsequent events

No Subsequent events took place after the reporting date.

4 Accounting policies

The financial statements hve been prepared in accordance with the prescribed Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP) issued by the Accounting Standards Board as the prescribed framework by National Treasury.

5 Borrowings, Investments and Cash

The accounting officer may exercise all the powers of the municipality to borrow money, as he considers appropriate. Interest-bearing debt did not increase in the year ended 30 June 2012 to finance the Municipality's infrastructure capital programme. In the financial year ended 30 June 2012, the Municipality redeemed interest-bearing debt of R 23 681 526. The interest paid on borrowings as percentage of total expenditure is 3.92% (2011: 4%).

5 Borrowings, investments and Cash (continued)

Investment as 30 June 2012 amounted to R 35 000 000 (2011: R 90 000 000). Investments and cash and cash equivalents decreased by R 26 620 673 to R 100 659 974.

Additional information regarding loans, investments and cash and cash equivalents is provided in notes 14, 6, 12 and Appendix A to the Financial Statements.

6 Capital expenditure

The capital expenditure incurred during the year amounted to R 68 140 417 (2011: R 137 534 337) which represented 49.3% (2011: 93%) of the approved capital budget, R 138 345 278 (2011: R 147 122 217). A complete analysis of capital expenditure (budgeted and actual) per functional area is included in Appendix D(3), while Appendix B contains detail according to asset class. More details regarding external loans used to finance fixed assets are shown in Appendix A. The total in Annexure D (3) reflected an amount of R 73 977 533 which include the donated assets of R 5 837 116, not budgeted for.

7 Cash flow analysis

Cash generated from operating activities decreased from R 75 967 541 to R 68 238 450.

Summary of net cash flows

	2012	2011
Cash from operating activities	68,238,450	75,967,541
Cash from investing activities	(16,327,838)	(128,098,464)
Cash from financing activities Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	(23,531,285)	78,207,437
equivalents	28,379,327	26,076,514

The monetary liquidity ratio for the financial year was 0.77:1 (2011: 0.98:1). This shows a decrease in the ability of the Municipality to meet their obligations.

8 Credit rating

The Entity was rated by Moody's Investor Services during the previous financial year. Their rating and outlook for the Municipality was a A3.za stable outlook. To monitor our credit rating and capacity for long-term financing we consider various qualitative and quantitative factors. At 30 June 2011 and 30 June 2012, the current ratio was 1.51:1 and 1.72:1 respectively. This reflects a slight decrease in the ratio.

9 Accounting Officer

The accounting officer of the municipality during the year under review of this report is as follows:

Name

Nationality

G.F. Matthyse (employed March 2012)

South African

10 Auditors

Auditor-General of South Africa will continue in office for the next financial period.

2012 -11- 3 0

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2012

Figures in Rands	Note(s)	2012	2,011 Restated
Assets			
Current Assets			
Short term investments	6	35,000,000	90,000,000
Current portion of long-term receivables	7	585,128	1,376,691
nventories	8	18,055,161	29,813,367
Other receivables from non-exchange transactions	9	6,073,622	5,557,992
VAT receivable	10	4,404,682	3,832,671
Consumer debtors	11	66,903,378	54,617,427
Cash and cash equivalents	12	65,659,974	37,280,647
		196,681,945	222,478,795
Non-Current Assets			
Investment property	3	9,053,400	8,356,300
Property, plant and equipment	4	1,787,933,993	1,778,900,962
ntangible assets	5	528,712	483,172
Long-term receivables	7	2,920,644	4,180,599
		1,800,436,749	1,791,921,033
Total Assets		1,997,118,694	2,014,399,828
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Current portion of long term liabilities	14	25,730,621	23,681,528
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	15	19,961,007	14,659,959
Current provisions	16	4,909,693	4,397,000
Trade and other payables	18	76,636,741	84,183,409
Consumer deposits	19	2,865,839	2,715,598
	-	130,103,901	129,637,494
Non-Current Liabilities			
ong term liabilities	14	232,144,735	257,875,353
Non-current provisions	16	137,017,141	119,684,611
•		369,161,876	377,559,964
Total Liabilities	-	499,265,777	507,197,458
Net Assets		1,497,852,917	1,507,202,370
Reserves			
Housing development fund	13		2,533,849
Accumulated surplus		1,497,852,917	1,504,668,521
Total Net Assets	<u></u>	1,497,852,917	1,507,202,370

BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

2011 2011	2011	2011	Figures in Rands	Noto/o	2004.0	0700	
Restated	Budget	Difference	-	(s)alon	71.07	2012	2072
					Actual	Budget	Difference
			Revenue				
318,909,286	311,725,590	7 183 696	Service charges	ć	700 700 300	000 000	
10.014.502	10.449.220	(434 718)	Rental Income	7 2	126,122,000	300,089,342	(3,468,015)
3 769 460	3 500 000	260.460		07	10,325,01	11,412,190	(1,087,176)
0,100,100	0,000,000	209 400	Income from agency services		4,065,809	3,762,500	303,309
64,928,428	85,015,814	(87.386)	Property rates	20	93,300,992	91,924,351	1.376.641
470,442	450,000	20 442	Property rates - penalties imposed and collection		409,094	511,000	(101 908)
7,146,910	9,516,010	(2 369 100)	Fines		9 341 597	7 979 830	1 364 787
2,785,543	2,637,510	148 033	Licences and permits		2 824 889	2 526 520	707,100,1
141,283,118	172,115,850	(30 832 732)	Government grants and subsidies	22	420,420,009	7.020,020	230,000 110,000
(45, 736, 789)	(48 393 917)	2 657 128	Payable foregone	77	139,420,977	147,200,042	(,,,,,9,665)
10.471.786	10 706 746	(324 060)		ć	(50,733,583)	(53,105,938)	2,372,355
0 400 504	10,730,740	(324 900)	Cilier Income	56	11,779,083	12,517,394	(738,311)
9,400,004	12,709,100	(3 305 516)	Finance income	23	9,906,450	9,546,400	360,050
043,440,270	5/0,521,923	(27 075 653)	Total Revenue		595,869,649	602,972,231	(7,102,582)
			Expenditure				
(165,262,483)	(170 930 205)	5 667 722	Employee related costs	28	(175 656 016)	(187 // 284)	44 769 460
(10,144,763)	(10 599 779)	455 016	Remineration of councillors	2 6	(44 056 506)	(40,024,001)	004,007,11
(2 669 001)	(8,000,000)	3 330 000	Bad debte	67 0	(060,006,11)	(0/8'007'7)	289,380
(62,000,001)	(66,000,000)	0 000 000	ממת תפתופ	<u>ج</u>	(2,645,673)	(6,000,000)	3,354,327
(02,833,214)	(65 080 283)	2.15/ 0/9	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	31	(64,729,687)	(66,733,283)	2,003,596
(141,178,245)	(136 806 /98)	(4 3/1 447)	Bulk purchases	32	(176,732,775)	(172,111,969)	(4,620,806)
(23,678,578)	(26 978 744)	3 300 166	Finance costs	33	(27,575,546)	(32,004,647)	4.429.101
(273,727)	(273 750)	23	Collection costs		(136,894)	(195,500)	58,606
(35,895,973)	(33 386 507)	(2 509 466)	Repairs and maintenance		(37 587 513)	(36 715 653)	(874 860)
(3,719,294)	(3 722 640)	3 346	Contracted services	35	(5,676,946)	(30,713,033)	(07.1,000)
(165,685)	(150 000)	(15685)	Grants and subsidies paid	9 W	(0,0,0,0)	(450,000)	(040,777,5)
(16,923,331)	(13 878 060)	(3 045 271)	Contributions to (from) debtors impairment employee	9	(140,000)	(150,000)	1,200
	,	,	benefit obligation and leave payment accrual		(10,111,010)	(10,000,120)	(4,572,553)
(68,523,614)	(100 413 092)	31 889 478	General Expenses	27	(82.042.443)	(79 039 741)	(3 000 200)
(531,367,908)	(568,229,868)	36 861 960	Total Expenditure	-	(604.601.432)	(611,926,173)	7 324 741
231,774	1	231 774	Gains on disposal of assets		(124 462)	(74 500)	(40 082)
(2,438,585)	•	(2438585)	Fair value adjustments	24	(376.487)	(000;+1)	(376,902)
9.871.551	2 292 055	7 579 496		1	(000,000)	000 07	(300,407)
	2,22,22,0	2010	outpies (deficit) for the year	1	(9,232,732)	(9,028,442)	(204,290)
7	1	1 1					
9,871,551	2,292,055	7 579 496	Surplus (deficit) for the year		(9,232,732)	(9,028,442)	(204,290)
-11							
- 3							
ij							
13							

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	Note	Housing Development	Accumulated Surplus	Total net assets
Figures in Rand		Fund		
Balance at 01 July 10 as restated		4,153,107	1,488,715,026	1,492,868,133
Prior prior period errors	42		4,218,527	4,218,527
Balance as at 01 July 2010 restated		4,153,107	1,492,933,553	1,497,086,660
Deficit for the year as previously stated		-	(1,160,236)	(1,160,236)
Prior period errors	42	_	11,031,788	11,031,788
Deficit for 2010/2011 as restated		_	9,871,552	9,871,552
Other income			244,158	244,158
Movement for the year	13	(1,619,258)	1,619,258	_
Balance at 30 June 2011		2,533,849	1,504,668,521	1,517,073,922
Prior period errors				-
Deficit for the year		**	(9,232,732)	(9,232,732)
Other income/expenditure		-	(116,721)	(116,721)
Movement for the year	13	(2,533,849)	2,533,849	-
Balance at 30 June 2012		0	1,497,852,917	1,507,724,468

Cash Flow Statement

Figures in Rands	Note(s)	2012	2011
			Restated
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from ratepayers and other		515,430,721	469,564,996
Cash receipts from government and other grants		138,076,218	131,604,543
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(565,333,482)	(508,873,671)
Net cash generated from operations	37	88,173,457	92,295,868
Finance income	23	9,906,450	9,403,584
Finance cost	33	(27,575,546)	(23,678,578)
Finance income: outstanding debtors	23	(2,265,911)	(2,053,333)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		68,238,450	75,967,541
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	4	(67,983,490)	(137,100,206)
Proceeds on disposal property, plant and equipment	4	-	338,827
Acquisition of intangible assets	5	(156,927)	(142,734)
Decrease/(Increase) in investments	6	55,000,000	15,000,000
(Decrease)/Increase in non current receivables		(3,187,421)	(6,194,351)
Net cash from investing activities	_	(16,327,838)	(128,098,464)
Cash flows from financing activities			
_oans raised (redeemed)	14	(23,681,526)	78,150,177
Movement in Consumer deposits	19	150,241	57,260
Net cash from financing activities		(23,531,285)	78,207,437
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		28,379,327	26,076,514
Cash at the beginning of the year		37,280,647	11,204,133
Cash at the end of the year	12	65,659,974	37,280,647
Table at the original of the your	14	00,000,014	37,200,047



Accounting Policies

1 Presentation of Annual Financial Statements

Basis of Presentation

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost principle unless specified otherwise.

These annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

GRAP 1	Presentation of Annual Financial Statements	
GRAP 2	Cash Flow Statements	
GRAP 3	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Erro	ors
GRAP 4	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	
GRAP 5	Borrowing Costs	
GRAP 6	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	
GRAP 7	Investment in Associates	and the section of the desire of the property property that the property of the section of the s
GRAP 8	Investment in Joint Ventures	10 S. C.
GRAP 9	Revenue from Exchange Transactions	Seattle control of
GRAP 10	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	AUDIIOR-GENERAL
GRAP 11	Construction Contracts	
GRAP 12	Inventories	2012 -11- 3 0
GRAP 13	Leases	
GRAP 14	Events after the Reporting Date	
GRAP 16	Inventory Property	Americans de top you at the second and the company and these tradering descents allowed the production upon manager.
GRAP 17	Property, Plant and Equipment	
GRAP 19	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	:
GRAP 100	Non-current Asset Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	
GRAP 101	Agriculture	
GRAP 102	Intangible Assets	
IPSAS 20	Related Party Disclosure	

Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is required or permitted by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's annual financial statements, unless explicitly stated otherwise. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant policy.

Presentation Currency

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the municipality.

Going Concern Assumption

These annual financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months.

Comparative Information

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

1 Presentation of Annual Financial Statements (continued)

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these annual financial statements are set out below.

1.1 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the annual financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts represented in the annual financial statements and related disclosures. Use of available information and the application of judgement is inherent in the formation of estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are insignificant to the annual financial statements are set out below:

Trade receivables and other receivables

The municipality assesses its trade receivables and other receivables for impairment at each reporting date. In determining whether an impairment deficit should be recorded in the surplus or deficit, the municipality makes judgements as to whether there is observable data indicating a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a financial asset.

The impairment for trade and other receivables is based on a historic payment ratio per consumer.

Fair value estimation of trade receivables and payables

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at current market interest rates.

Provisions

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions are included in note 16 - Provisions

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The municipality's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for the property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the municipality's own experience as well as industry norm where relevant experience statistics are not readily available. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated useful lives.

Post retirement benefits

The present value of the post retirement obligation depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact on the carrying amount of post retirement obligations.

The municipality determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each year. This is the interest rate that should be used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the pension obligations. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the municipality considers the interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liability.

Other key assumptions for pension obligations are based on current market conditions. Additional information is disclosed in Note 17.



1.1 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Long service awards

The present value of the long service award depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) include the discount rate, the salary inflation rate and pre-retirement mortality. Any changes in these assumptions will impact on the carrying amount of long service awards.

The municipality determines the appropriate discount rate. This is the interest rate that should be used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the long service award. Other key assumptions for long service awards are based on current market conditions. Additional information is disclosed in Note 17.

Revenue - fines

Fines are recognised as revenue when the receivable meets the definition of an asset and satisfies the criteria for recognition as an asset The municipality provides for revenue on fines not received at year end, based on the historical payment ratio of fines issued.

1.2 Investment property

Initial recognition

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations.

At initial recognition, the municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

The cost of self-constructed investment property is the cost at date of completion.

Subsequent measurement

Investment property is measured using the fair value model. Under the fair value model, investment property is carried at its fair value at the reporting date. Any gain or deficit arising from a change in the fair value of the property is included in surplus or deficit for the year in which it arises.

Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. The municipality used a valuation expert namely De Kock Lloyd to determine the fair value at the reporting date.

1.3 Property, plant and equipment

Initial recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.



1.3 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Heritage assets, which are defined as culturally significant resources, were recorded initially at fair value. Heritage assets are not depreciated as they are regarded as having an indefinite life.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset.

Depreciation and impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets and after taking into account the residual value of the asset. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

Average useful life

Infrastructure	
 Roads and Paving 	15 - 50 years
- Pedestrian Malls	20 years
- Electricity	15 - 75 years
- Water	15 - 75 years
- Sewerage	15 - 75 years
- Housing	50 - 100 years
- Landfill sites	5 - 30 years
- Cemeteries	25 - 50 years

Community

Item

Buildings	10 - 100 years
Recreational facilities	15 - 75 years
Security	3 - 25 years

Other assets

-	Furniture and fixtures	5 - 20 years
-	Specialised property, plant and equipment	5 - 20 years
-	Office equipment	5 - 20 years
-	Computer hardware	3 - 10 years
-	Watercraft	5 years
-	Other items of plant and equipment	3 - 20 years
-	Bins and containers	5 - 15 years
-	Library books	5 years

Transport assets

Other vehicles	5 - 30 years
Specialist vehicles	10 - 30 years
	14



1.3 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The residual value, the useful life of an asset and the depreciation method is reviewed annually and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The municipality tests for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

Derecognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or deficit arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.4 Intangible assets

Initial recognition

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance. The municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Subsequent measurement

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairments. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite.

Amortisation and Impairment

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated average useful lives:

Computer software: 3 - 5 years

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at each reporting date and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The municipality tests intangible assets with finite useful lives for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of an intangible asset is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

Derecognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or deficit arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

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1.5 Financial instruments

Classification

The municipality classifies financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

- Loans and receivables
- Held-to-maturity investment
- Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost



Classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were obtained, incurred and takes place at initial recognition. Classification is re-assessed on an annual basis, except for derivatives and financial assets designated as at fair value through surplus or deficit, which shall not be classified out of the fair value through surplus or deficit category.

a) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date. These are classified as non-current assets. The municipality's loans and receivables comprise "trade and other receivables" and cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position.

b) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that an entity has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial instruments are recognised initially when the municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

The municipality classifies financial instruments, or their component parts, on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value, except for equity investments for which a fair value is not determinable, which are measured at cost and are classified as available for sale financial assets.

For financial instruments which are not at fair value through surplus or deficit, transaction costs are included in the Initial measurement of the instrument.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less accumulated impairment losses. Held-to-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less accumulated impairment losses.

Gains and deficits arising from changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance and accumulated in equity until the asset is disposed of or determined to be impaired.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Fair value determination

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the municipality establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

Impairment of financial assets

At each end of the reporting period the municipality assesses all financial assets, other than those at fair value through surplus or deficit, to determine whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets has been impaired.

1.5 Financial instruments (continued)

For amounts due to the municipality, significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy and default of payments are all considered indicators of impairment.

Impairment losses are recognised in surplus or deficit. Impairment losses are reversed when an increase in the financial asset's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to the restriction that the carrying amount of the financial asset at the date that the impairment is reversed shall not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Trade and other receivables

Consumer Debtors

Consumer debtors are recognised initially at cost and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of consumer debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the municipality will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the deficit is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. When a consumer debtor is uncollectable, it is written off against the allowance account for consumer debtors. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the Statement of Financial Performance.

Housing selling schemes, Housing Personnel, Welfare, Recreational and Land sales

In respect of the above loans a provision for impairment is made on the same basis as the current portion included in Consumer debtors, being the payment rate.

Other debtors

Other debtors consist among others of various debtors and / or suspense accounts with debit balances such as Housing board subsidies, Government subsidies, Interest receivable, VAT, Recoverable expenses, Prepaid expenses, Insurance claims and various other debtors / suspense accounts with debit balances. These aforementioned debtors / suspense accounts are assessed individually for impairment to ensure that no objective evidence exists that these debtors are irrecoverable. Should an individual debtor or group of debtors and or suspense account be regarded as irrecoverable, a provision for impairment is made.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These are initially and subsequently recorded at fair value.

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand deposits held on call with banks and investments in financial instruments, net of bank overdrafts and excluding fixed deposits.

Trade and other payables

Trade payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

Borrowings (long term liabilities, consumer deposits)

The municipality measures all financial liabilities including trade and other payables, at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities include borrowings, other non-current liabilities (excluding provisions) and trade and other payables (excluding provisions). Interest-bearing external loans and bank overdrafts are recorded net of direct issue costs, Finance charges, including premiums payable, are accounted for on an accrual basis.

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1.6 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

Operating leases - lessor

Operating lease income is recognised as an income on a straight-line basis (where applicable) over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income. Income for leases is disclosed under revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Operating leases - lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis (where applicable) over the lease term. The difference between the amounts recognised as an expense and the contractual payments are recognised as an operating lease asset. Any contingent rents are expensed in the period they are incurred.

1.7 Inventories

Initial recognition

Inventories comprise current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. In general, the basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method. Where inventory is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired. Housing top Structures are carried at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Subsequent measurement

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Where inventories are acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, their costs shall be their fair value as at the date of the acquisition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down in this way. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

1.8 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the state, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

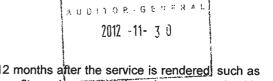
Non-current assets held for sale (or disposal group) are measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

A non-current asset is not depreciated (or amortised) while it is classified as held for sale, or while it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale.

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1.9 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits



The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past performance.

Defined contribution plans

The Municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors.

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The municipality has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to service in the current or prior periods.

A defined benefit plan is a plan that is not a defined contribution plan, Typically defined benefit plans define an amount of benefit that an employee will receive after retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan of the municipality include post retirement medical aid benefits and long service awards.

For defined benefit plans the cost of providing the benefits is determined using the projected credit method. Actuarial valuations are conducted on an annual basis by independent actuaries separately for each benefit to determine the obligation.

To the extent that, at the beginning of the financial period, any cumulative unrecognised actuarial gain or deficit exceeds ten percent of the greater of the present value of the projected benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets (the corridor), that portion is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance over the expected average remaining service lives of participating employees. Actuarial gains or losses within the corridor are not recognised.

Gains or losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan is recognised when the municipality is demonstrably committed to curtailment or settlement.

When it is virtually certain that another party will reimburse some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation, the right to reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset. The asset is measured at fair value. In all other respects, the asset is treated in the same way as plan assets. In the Statement of Financial Performance, the expense relating to a defined benefit plan is presented as the net of the amount recognised for a reimbursement.

The amount recognised in the Statement of Financial Position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised actuarial gains and losses and unrecognised past service costs, and reduces by the fair value of plan assets.

Any asset is limited to unrecognised actuarial losses, plus the present value of available refunds and reduction in future contributions to the plan.

1.10 Employee benefit obligations and contingencies

Employee benefit obligations are recognised when the municipality has a present or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the employee benefit obligation can be made. Employee benefit obligations are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect is material, non-current employee benefit obligations are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land).





The municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability librardos and contingent liability librardos and contingent liability and librardos and librard unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a employee benefit obligation where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a employee benefit obligations. Employee benefit obligations are not recognised for future operating deficits. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a employee benefit obligation.

1.11 Government grants, transfers and donations

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is raised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

1.12 Revenue recognition

Revenue is derived from a variety of sources that include rates levied, grants from other tiers of government and revenue from trading activities and other services provided.

Each type of revenue is recognised upon the satisfaction of the recognition criteria as stipulated in the framework for the preparation and presentation of financial statements (GRAP 1), being, when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential will flow to the municipality and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Where revenue and the underlying asset (receivable) has already been recognised based on the information available at the time of the transaction and subsequently uncertainty arises as to the recoverability of the receivable, an impairment loss, is created and the provision is set off against the receivables.

Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Service charges related to electricity and water are based on consumption. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Provisional estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognized as revenue when invoiced or accrued to the municipality. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognized as revenue in the invoicing period.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid cards is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The municipality has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- The municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality.
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage and are levied monthly based on the number of refuse containers on each property, regardless of whether or not all containers are emptied during the month.

Service charges from sewerage and sanitation are based on consumption, using the tariffs approved from Council and are levied monthly.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariffs of charges is recognised when the relevant services is rendered by applying the relevant gazetted tariff. This includes the issuing of licenses and permits.

1.12 Revenue recognition (continued)

Income from agency services is recognised on a monthly basis once the income collected on behalf of agents has been quantified. The income recognised is in terms of the agency agreement.

Finance income from the sale of housing by way of instalment sales agreements or finance leases is recognised on a time proportion basis.

Revenue from the sales of goods is recognised when the risk is passed to the consumer.

Revenue from the public contributions is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment is brought into use. Where public contributions have been received but the municipality has not met the condition, a liability is recognised.

Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions

An inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction, other than services in-kind, that meets the definition of an asset shall be recognised as an asset when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the municipality and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably. The asset shall be recognised as revenue, except to the extent that a liability is also recognised in respect of the same inflow.

A present obligation arising from a non-exchange transaction that meets the definition of a liability will be recognised as a liability when it is probable that an outflow of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are incurred. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportion basis with reference to the principal amount receivable and effective interest rate applicable.

Fines constitute both spot fines and summonses. Fines are economic benefits or service potential received or receivable by the municipality as a consequence of the individual or entity breaching the requirements of laws or regulations. Fines are recognised as revenue when the recievable meets the definition of an asset and satisfies the criteria for recognition as an asset. Assets arising from fines are measured at the best estimate of the inflow of resources the municipality.

When an estimate can be made for the revenue amount that is expected to be collected from spot fines based on past experience of amounts collected, this is recognised as revenue. Where a reliable estimate cannot be made, revenue from spot fines is recognised when paid by the offencer. Revenue from the issuing of summonses is only recognised when notified by the public prosecutor of the amount actually collected.

Gifts and donations are recognised as assets and revenue when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential will flow to the entity and the fair value of the assets can be measured reliably. Goods in-kind are recognised as assets when the goods are received, or there is a binding arrangement to receive the goods. Conditions on a transferred asset give rise to a present obligation on initial recognition.

On initial recognition, gifts and donations (including goods in-kind) are measured at their fair value as at the date of the acquisition, which may be ascertained by reference to an active market, or by appraisel.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorized, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003) and is recognized when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

Interest income

Investment income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

1.13 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.



1.14 Unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in the form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.15 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless expenditure means expenditure which was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. All expenditure relating to fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.16 Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's supply chain management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.17 Housing development fund

The Housing Development Fund was established in terms of the Housing Act, (Act No. 107 of 1997). Loans from national and provincial government used to finance housing selling schemes undertaken by the municipality were extinguished on 1 April 1998 and transferred to a Housing Development Fund. Housing selling schemes, both complete and in progress as at 1 April 1998, were also transferred to the Housing Development Fund. In terms of the Housing Act, all proceeds from housing developments, which include rental income and sales of houses, must be paid into the Housing Development Fund. Monies standing to the credit of the Housing Development Fund can be used only to finance housing developments within the municipal area subject to the approval of the Provincial MEC responsible for housing.

1.18 Grants in-aid

Council annually awards grants to individuals and organisations based on merit. When making these transfers, Council does not:

- Receive any goods or services directly in return, as would be expected in a purchase or sale transaction
- Expect to be repaid in future; or
- Expect a financial return, as would be expected from an investment.

These transfers are recognised in the annual financial statements as expenses in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred.

1.19 Value Added Tax

The Council accounts for Value Added Tax on the cash basis.



2. New standards and interpretations

2.1 No new Standards and interpretations were adopted in the current year

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2.2 Standards and interpretations approved but not yet effective

The municipality has chosen not to early adopt the following standards and interpretations, which have been published and are mandatory for the municipality's financial years beginning on or after 01 July 2012 or later periods:

GRAP 18: Segment Reporting

Segments are identified by the way in which information is reported to management, both for purposes of assessing performance and making decisions about how future resources will be allocated to the various activities undertaken by the entity. The major classifications of activities identified in budget documentation will usually reflect the segments for which an entity reports information to management.

Segment information is either presented based on service or geographical segments. Service segments relate to a distinguishable component of an entity that provides specific outputs or achieves particular operating objectives that are in line with the entity's overall mission. Geographical segments relate to specific outputs generated, or particular objectives achieved, by an entity within a particular region.

This Standard has been approved by the Board but its effective date has not yet been determined by the Minister of Finance.

The impact of this standard is currently being assessed.

GRAP 23: Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions arises when an entity receives value from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. An asset acquired through a non-exchange transaction shall initially be measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

This revenue will be measured at the amount of increase in net assets recognised by the entity.

An inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset shall be recognised as revenue, except to the extent that a liability is recognised for the same inflow. As an entity satisfies a present obligation recognised as a liability in respect of an inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset, it will reduce the carrying amount of the liability recognised as recognise an amount equal to that reduction.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2012.

In terms of the Application of GRAP Reporting Framework, issued in April 2011 by National Treasury, the Municipality's accounting policy on revenue from non-exchange transactions are based on GRAP 23.

GRAP 24: Presentation of Budget Information in the Financial Statements

Subject to the requirements of paragraph .19, an entity shall present a comparison of the budget amounts for which it is held publicly accountable and actual amounts either as a separate additional financial statement or as additional budget columns in the financial statements currently presented in accordance with Standards of GRAP. The comparison of budget and actual amounts shall present separately for each level of legislative oversight:

- the approved and final budget amounts;
- the actual amounts on a comparable basis; and
- by way of note disclosure, an explanation of material differences between the budget for which the entity Is
 held publicly accountable and actual amounts, unless such explanation is included in other public documents
 issued in conjunction with the financial statements, and a cross reference to those documents is made in the
 notes.

Where an entity prepares its budget and financial statements on a comparable basis, it includes the comparison as an additional column in the primary financial statements. Where the budget and financial statements are not prepared on a comparable basis, a separate statement is prepared called the 'Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts'.

This statement compares the budget amounts with the amounts in the annual financial statements adjusted to be comparable to the budget.

2.2 Standards and interpretations approved but not yet effective (continued)

A comparable basis means that the budget and financial statements:

- are prepared using the same basis of accounting i.e. either cash or accrual:
- include the same activities and entities;
- use the same classification system; and
- are prepared for the same period.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2012.



The minimum requirement set out in GRAP 1, for budgetary disclosure has been adhered to. A reconciliation between the budgeted and actual surplus/(deficit) is disclosed in the Notes to the Annual Financial Statements.

IGRAP 1: Interpretation of GRAP: Applying the Probability Test on Initial Recognition of Exchange Revenue

An entity assesses the probability of each transaction on an individual basis when it occurs. Entities shall not assess the probability on an overall level based on the payment history of recipients of the service in general when the probability of revenue is assessed at initial recognition.

The full amount of revenue will be recognised at initial recognition. Assessing impairment is an event that takes place subsequently to initial recognition. Such impairment is an expense. Revenue is not reduced by this expense.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2012.

The municipality expects to adopt the interpretation for the first time in the 2013 annual financial statements.

The impact of this standard is currently being assessed.

GRAP 21 - Impairment of Non-cash-generating assets

An entity that prepares and presents annual financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting shall apply this Standard in accounting for impairment of non-cash-generating assets. Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets. Non-cash-generating assets are impaired when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable service amount. An entity shall assess at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2012.

The municipality expects to adopt the standard for the first time in the 2013 annual financial statements.

The impact of this standard is currently being assessed.

GRAP 26 - Impairment of Cash-generating assets

An entity that prepares and presents financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting shall apply this Standard in accounting for impairment of cash-generating assets. Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. An asset generates a commercial return when it is deployed in a manner consistent with that adopted by a profit-orientated entity. Cash-generating assets are impaired when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable service amount. An entity shall assess at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2012.

The municipality expects to adopt the standard for the first time in the 2013 annual financial statements.

The impact of this standard is currently being assessed.

GRAP 103 - Heritage assets

An entity that prepares and presents financial statement under the accrual basis of accounting shall apply this Standard in the recognition, measurement and disclosure of all assets that meet the definition of a heritage asset, except heritage assets classified as held for sale. Heritage assets are assets that have a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance and are held indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2012.

2.2 Standards and interpretations not yet effective (continued)

The municipality expects to adopt the standard for the first time in the 2013 annual financial statements.

The impact of this standard is currently being assessed.

GRAP 25 - Employee benefits

The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting and disclosure for employee benefits. The Standard requires an entity to recognise a liability when an employee has provided service in exchange for employee benefits to be paid in the future and an expense when the entity consumes the economic benefits or service potential arising from service provided by an employee in exchange for employee benefits.

The purpose of the Standard of GRAP on Employee Benefits is to provide accounting principles for:

- Salaries, wages and bonuses paid to employees.
- Contributions made to third parties, e.g. to insurance companies on behalf of employees or their dependants.
- Free or subsidised goods and services, such as free housing or medical care provided to employees or their dependants.
- Benefits provided to employees on retirement, e.g. entities may provide pension benefits to their employees, or agree to pay their medical aid or other medical expenses after retirement.
- Long-term benefits provided to employees, such as sabbatical or long service leave, or disability benefits.
- Benefits paid to employees who either accept voluntary retrenchment packages or have their employment contracts terminated before retirement age.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2013.

The impact of this standard is currently being assessed.

GRAP 104 - Financial Instruments

GRAP 104 prescribes recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements for financial instruments. Financial instruments are broadly defined as those contracts that results in a financial asset in one entity and a financial liability or residual interest in another entity. A key distinguishing factor between financial assets and financial liabilities and other assets and liabilities, is that they are settled in cash or by exchanging financial instruments rather than through the provision of goods or services.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2012.

The impact of this standard is currently being assessed.

GRAP 20 - Related party disclosure

The objective of this Standard is to ensure that a reporting entity's financial statements contain the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and surplus or deficit may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.

An entity that prepares and presents financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting (in this Standard referred to as the reporting entity) shall apply this Standard in:

- (a) identifying related party relationships and transactions;
- (b) identifying outstanding balances, including commitments, between an entity and its related parties;
- (c) identifying the circumstances in which disclosure of the items in (a) and (b) is required; and
- (d) determining the disclosures to be made about those items.

This Standard has been approved by the Board but its effective date has not yet been determined by the Minister of Finance.

The impact of this standard is currently being assessed.

2.2 Standards and interpretations not yet effective (continued)

GRAP 105 - Transfer of functions between entities under common control

A function is an integrated set of activities that is capable of being conducted and managed for purposes of achieving an entity's objectives, either by providing economic benefits or service potential. A function consists of inputs and processes applied to those inputs that have the ability to create outputs. A function can either be a part or a portion of an entity or can consist of the whole entity. Although functions may have outputs, outputs are not

For a transaction or event to occur between entities under common control, the transaction or event needs to be undertaken between entities within the same sphere of government or between entities that are part of the same economic entity. Entities that are ultimately controlled by the same entity before and after the transfer of functions are within the same economic entity.

This Standard has been approved by the Board but its effective date has not yet been determined by the Minister of Finance.

The effect of this standard is not yet determinable as the transactions to which the standard relates have not occurred and are not expected to occur.

GRAP 106 - Transfer of functions between entities not under common control

A transfer of functions undertaken between entities not under common control could involve an acquisition or transfer of another entity or the acquisition or transfer of part of another entity. A transfer of functions is the reorganisation and/or the re-allocation of functions between entities by transferring functions between entities or into another entity.

This Standard has been approved by the Board but its effective date has not yet been determined by the Minister of Finance.

The effect of this standard is not yet determinable as the transactions to which the standard relates have not occurred and are not expected to occur.

GRAP 107 - Mergers

A merger is the establishment of a new combined entity in which none of the former entities obtain control over any other and no acquirer can be identified. As no acquirer can be identified, a merger does not result in an entity having or obtaining control over any of the entities that are involved in the transaction or event, as the combining entities are not controlled entities of each other, either before or after the merger.

This Standard has been approved by the Board but its effective date has not yet been determined by the Minister of Finance.

The effect of this standard is not yet determinable as the transactions to which the standard relates have not occurred and are not expected to occur.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Figure	Figures In Rands			2012		2011
က်	Investment property					
		2012	2	2011	-	
		Cost	Carrying Value	Cost	Carrying	
	Investment property	9,053,400	9,053,400	8,356,300	8,356,300	
	Reconciliation of investment property - 2012					
		Opening Balance	Additions	Impairment	Fair value adiustment	Total
	Investment property	8,356,300		ł	697,100	9,053,400
	Reconciliation of investment property - 2011					
		Opening Balance	Additions	Impairment	Fair value	Total
	Investment property	7,542,200	•	•	adjustment 814,100	8,356,300
	Other disclosures					

A register containing the information required by section 63 of the Municipal Finance Management Act is available for inspection at the registered

office of the municipality.

Details of property

Details of valuation

The effective date of the revaluations was 30 June 2012. Revaluations were performed by an independent valuer, Mr Lloyd, of De Kock Lloyd Eiendoms Waardeerder is not connected to the municipality and have recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued.



Notes	Notes to the Financial Statements			n.			
A L	es ili Nalius				2012		2011
4	Property, plant and equipment						
			2012			2011 Postatod	
		Cost /	Accumulated	Carrying	Cost /	Accumulated	Carrying
		Valuation	depreciation	Value	Valuation	depreciation	Value
	Land	252,556,760		252,556,760	252.556.760		252 556 760
	Buildings	258,118,117	(156,165,386)	101,952,731	257,451,554	(149,869,762)	107 581 792
	Infrastructure	2,085,225,072	(688,875,318)	1,396,349,754	2,021,245,941		1,385,037,048
	Other property, plant						
	and equipment	45,529,619	45,529,619 (19,867,676)	25,661,943	36.573.814	(14.261.257)	22 312 557
	Heritage	11,412,805	ı	11,412,805	11,412,805	(;)!;;;)	11.412.805
	Total	2,652,842,373 (864,908,380)	(864,908,380)	1,787,933,993	2.5	(800.339.912)	1 778 900 962

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2012

Total	252,556,760 101,952,731 1,396,349,753	25,661,944 11,412,805 1,787,933,993
Depreciation	(6,295,624) (52,645,262)	(5,602,098)
Impairment Ioss	. (25,641)	(49,676)
Transfers	2,041,758	(2,086,570)
Disposal	- (17,907)	(106,555)
Additions	- 666,563 61,959,757	11,194,286
Opening Balance	252,556,760 107,581,792 1,385,037,048	22,312,557 11,412,805 1,778,900,962
	Land Buildings Infrastructure	Other property, plant and equipment Heritage

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2011

Total	252,556,760 107,581,792 1,385,037,048	22,312,557 11,412,805 1.778,900,962	11111111111
Depreciation	(6,231,907) (51,434,770)	(4,895,833)	/
Impairment loss	(9,009) (14,921)	(279,055)	
Transfers	(76,663) 68,706	92,702	
Disposal	, , 0	(106,944)	
Additions	1,923,943 132,471,447	2,996,213	
Opening Balance	252,556,760 111,975,428 1,303,946,586	24,481,544 11,412,805 1,704,373,123	
	Land Buildings Infrastructure	Other property, plant and equipment Heritage	



BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes to the Financial Statements

		7776	
		2042	7107
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	7-2		
	1		

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Change in accounting estimate

July 2011 over the remaining useful life of these assets. The effect of the change in accounting estimate is further disclosed in note 55. Land was rested with effect of July 2010 to reflect the prior prior period errors. With reference to Grap 12 all land used to construct houses on for low income A review of useful lives was done on assets. During the review certain infrastructure and other property plant and equipment with Rnil book values effect of a change in accounting estimate is required to be recognised prospectively by including it in surplus or deficit in the period of the change, should apply the change in estimate prospectively from the start of 2012 and therefore the depreciation charge was applied prospectively from 1 families must be recognised under inventory and not PPE. No depreciation is calculated on land. The effect of this error is disclosed in note 42. and nil remaining lives were identified. The entity's management considered how to account for the change in the estimated useful lives. The if the change affects that period only; or the period of the change in future periods, if the change affects both. Management concluded that it

Other Information

A register containing the information required by section 63 of the Municipal Finance Management Act is available for inspection at the registered office of the municipality.

The total cost of fully depreciated assets still in use amounts to R4 460 661. These are items that do not have an active market and cannot be sold when it is no longer in use.

Intangible assets

ĸ

		7107			2011	
	Cost/	Accumulated	Carrying Value	Cost	Accumulated	Carrying Value
	Valuation	amortisation	•	Valuation	amortisation	8
Computer software	1,315,336	(786,624)	528,712	1,158,409	(675,237)	483.172

Reconciliation of intangible assets - 2012

Total	528,712
Amortisation	(111,387)
Transfers	0
Impairment loss	0
Disposals	0
Additions	156,927
Opening Balance	483,172
	Computer software

Reconciliation of intangible assets - 2011

Total	483,172
Amortisation	(88,948)
Transfers	(1,145)
Impairment loss	(2,702)
Disposals	(109)
Additions	142,734
Opening Balance	433,341
	Computer software

Other Information

The total cost of fully depreciated assets still in use amounts to R505 421. This is an item that do not have an active market and cannot be sold when it is no longer in use.



gu	res in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
	Investments		
	1		
	Loans and receivables Other fixed deposits	25 000 000	00 000 00
	Other fixed deposits	35,000,000	90,000,00
		35,000,000	90,000,00
	Non-current assets		
	Investments		
	Command annuals		
	Current assets Short-term portion of Investments	35 000 000	00 000 00
	Short-term portion of investments	35,000,000	90,000,000
		35,000,000	90,000,00
	Short term fixed deposits are made with various banks for a period from 1 - 12 months. The interest rate earned vary between 5.50% and 7.00%.		
	Long term receivables		
	Housing selling scheme		
	Housing selling scheme	1,264,329	1,462,92
	Less: Provision for impairment	(348,732)	(488,927
	And the Control of th	915,597	973,994
	Welfare loans Welfare	0.400.000	
		2,403,836	2,594,796
	Less: Provision for impairment	(2,403,836)	(2,585,485
	Housing personnel		9,311
	Housing personnel	1,081,812	1,151,418
	Less: Provision for impairment	-	1,101,410
		1,081,812	1,151,418
	Recreational		
	Recreational	-	-
	Less: Provision for impairment	-	
	Land sales	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Land sales		18,885
	Less: Provision for impairment	-	(10,107
		-	8,778
	Arrangements		 -
	Arrangements	23,053,481	21,033,246
	Less: Provision for impairment	(21,545,118)	(17,619,457
		1,508,363	3,413,789
	Less: Current Portion transferred to current receivables		
	Housing selling schemes	(217,204)	(401,780
	Housing personnel loans	(69,157)	(194,503
	Welfare loans	(158,027)	(188,956)
	Recreational Land sales	-	-
	Land sales Arrangements	(5,481,933)	(5,693,729)
•		(5,926,320)	
		(3,820,320)	(6,478,968



BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes to the Financial Statements

igures In Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
Long term receivables (continued)		
Less: Provision for bad debt for short term port receivables	tion of long term	
Housing selling schemes	(59,910)	(134,280)
Housing personnel loans	` · · ·	(,
Welfare	(158,027)	(188,278)
Recreational	-	(100,210)
Land sales	-	(10,107)
Arrangements	(5,123,256)	(4,769,612)
Long term receivables - Net	(5,341,192)	(5,102,277)
Long term receivables - Non-current portion	2,920,644	4,180,599
Long term receivables - Current portion	585,128	1,376,691
Housing Selling Scheme Loans	3,505,772	5,557,290

Housing loans are granted to qualifying individuals in terms of the provincial administration's housing programme. These loans attract interest of prime plus 1 % per annum and are repayable over a maximum period of 30 years.

Welfare Loans

Welfare loans are granted to qualifying organisations in terms of the provincial administrator's housing programme. These loans attract interest at prime plus 1% per annum and are repayable over a maximum period of 30 years.

Housing Loans - Personnel

Housing loans were granted to personnel and attract interest at between 7.5% and 15% per annum and are repayable over periods not exceeding 30 years.

Recreational Loans

Loans are granted to certain recreational institutions and attract interest at rates between 11.25% and 18% per annum, and are repayable over periods not exceeding 30 years.

Land Sales

Loans were granted to individuals for purchasing land from the Municipality. These loans attract interest at prime plus 1% and are repayable over periods not exceeding 2 years.

Arrangements

The arrangements consist of consumer debtors with whom the council has negotiated repayment terms. These arrangements attract no interest and the repayment periods varies between 15 and 30 years.

Inventories

Consumable stores Water (at fair value) Housing Development projects	5,946,672 333,089 11,775,400 18,055,161	5,763,943 314,094 23,735,330 29,813,367
Inventories expenses for the year , disclosed in note 27. Inventories expenses on housing Development projects	12,326,107 39,556,903	

Fic	ptes to the Financial Statements	2012	0044 (
	garao in tantao	2012	2011 (restated)
9	Other receivables from non-exchange transactions		
	Housing board subsidies	422,643	422,643
	Prepaid expenses	80,692	194,815
	Interest receivable	629,425	815,449
	Government subsidies	584,805	98,090
	Recoverable expenses	124,056	84,964
	Other debtors	1,954,011	1,691,932
	Debtor: Fraud	377,620	
	Debtors: Traffic fines	876,437	825,537
	PAYE: Personnel	931,731	931,731
	Loans granted	338,882	320,122
	South African Revenue Service: UIF	, <u>=</u>	368,532
	Debtor: Traffic revenue	59,671	59.671
	Lease asset	31,650	65,604
	Less: Provision for impairment	(338,001)	(321,098
		6,073,622	5,557,992
	As of 30 June 2012 other receivables of R338 001 (20 R321 098) were impaired and provided for. Reconciliation of provision for impairment of trade other receivables Opening Balance	and 321,098	320,442
	Increase/(decrease) in provision for the year	16,903	656
		338,001	321,098
•	VAT Receivable		
	South African Revenue Service	4,404,682	3,832,671
	The prior year was adjusted as result of a VAT investiga	ation and VAT being recovered. F	Refer to note 42 for details
ı.	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances		
ı.	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates	transactions 9,958,005	9,745,152
ı .	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates Electricity	9,958,005 34,359,768	9,745,152 29,814,565
ı .	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates Electricity Water	9,958,005 34,359,768 10,987,498	
l .	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates Electricity Water Sundries	9,958,005 34,359,768 10,987,498 4,609,668	29,814,565
ı .	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates Electricity Water Sundries Sewerage	9,958,005 34,359,768 10,987,498 4,609,668 7,703,052	29,814,565 10,203,553
	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates Electricity Water Sundries Sewerage Refuse	9,958,005 34,359,768 10,987,498 4,609,668 7,703,052 5,238,083	29,814,565 10,203,553 5,258,316
	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates Electricity Water Sundries Sewerage Refuse Availability charges	9,958,005 34,359,768 10,987,498 4,609,668 7,703,052	29,814,565 10,203,553 5,258,316 6,514,646
ı .	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates Electricity Water Sundries Sewerage Refuse Availability charges Housing Selling schemes	9,958,005 34,359,768 10,987,498 4,609,668 7,703,052 5,238,083 2,461,306 1,272,798	29,814,565 10,203,553 5,258,316 6,514,646 4,909,147
1.	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange Gross balances Rates Electricity Water Sundries Sewerage Refuse Availability charges	9,958,005 34,359,768 10,987,498 4,609,668 7,703,052 5,238,083 2,461,306	29,814,565 10,203,553 5,258,316 6,514,646 4,909,147 2,094,750



ures in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)		
Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange tr	ansactions (continued)			
Less: Provision for impairment				
Rates	(2,035,673)	(2,952,850		
Electricity	(2,161,958)	(1,618,74		
Water	(1,578,451)	(3,255,45		
Sundries	(2,157,171)	(4,003,25		
Sewerage	(1,652,575)	(2,048,97		
Refuse	(825,828)	(1,459,32		
Availability charges	(1,875,141)	(1,564,86		
Housing Selling schemes	-			
Housing rental	(1,587,921)	(1,940,19		
	(13,874,718)	(18,843,66		
Net balance				
Rates	7,922,332	6,792,30		
Electricity	32,197,810	28,195,822		
Water	9,409,047	6,948,09		
Sundries	2,452,497	1,255,069		
Sewerage	6,050,477	4,465,679		
Refuse	4,412,255	3,449,82		
Availability charges	586,165	529,883		
Housing selling schemes	1,272,798	1,243,964		
Housing rental	2,599,997	1,736,798		
	66,903,378	54,617,427		
Total Consumer Debtors from Non-Exchange transactions	7,922,332	6,792,302		
Total Consumer Debtors from Exchange transactions	58,981,046	47,825,125		
Total Net Consumer Debtors	66,903,378	54,617,427		
Rates (Non-Exchange)				
Current (0 -30 days)	2,002,178	2,849,50		
31 - 60 days	238,574	248,59		
61 - 90 days	132,761	135,24		
91 - 120 days	96,906	95,08		
121 - 365 days	1,991,782	1,227,94		
Arrangements	5,495,804	5,188,78		
Less: Provision for impairment	(2,035,673)	(2,952,850		
	7,922,332	6,792,302		
Electricity (Exchange)				
Current (0 -30 days)	29,976,202	25,747,341		
31 - 60 days	264,710	522,647		
61 - 90 days	107,640	207,621		
91 - 120 days	77,961	94,699		
121 - 365 days	1,924,297	1,261,856		
Arrangements	2,008,957	1,980,402		
Less: Provision for impairment	(2,161,958) 32,197,809	(1,618,743 28,195,822		
•	02,101,000	20,100,022		
Water (Exchange)				
Current (0 -30 days)	2,918,330	2,385,13		
31 -60 days	628,621	654,076		
61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days	390,140	352,310		
•	356,349	302,580		
121 - 365 days Arrangements	913,141	1,310,367		
Less: Provision for impairment	5,780,916 (1,578,451)	5,199,084 (3,255,458)		
		(3,255,458		
	9,409,046	6,948,095		



ju	s to the Financial Statements res in Rands	2012	2011 (restate			
•	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange transactions (continued)					
	Sundries (Exchange)					
	Current (0 -30 days)	1,671,182	2,241,9			
	31 - 60 days	112,100	67,4			
	61 - 90 days	61,127	167,8			
	91 - 120 days	98,588	59,3			
	121 - 365 days	1,713,639	1,891,5			
	Arrangements	953,032	830,1			
	Less: Provision for impairment	(2,157,171)	(4,003,2			
		2,452,497	1,255,0			
	Sewerage (Exchange)					
	Current (0 -30 days)	1,304,642	1,178,6			
	31 - 60 days	462,231	481,1			
	61 - 90 days	340,641	306,6			
	91 - 120 days	232,463	229,9			
	121 - 365 days	510,993	290,4			
	Arrangements	4,852,081	4,027,6			
	Less: Provision for impairment	(1,652,575)	(2,048,9			
	•	6,050,476	4,465,6			
		5,000,110	4,100,0			
	Refuse (Exchange)					
	Current (0 -30 days)	1,656,833	1,491,5			
	31 - 60 days	364,796	303,2			
	61 - 90 days	238,144	216,0			
	91 - 120 days	191,449	167,5			
	121 - 365 days	•				
	Arrangements	2,786,861	2,730,8			
	Less: Provision for impairment	(825,828)	(1,459,3			
		4,412,255	3,449,8			
	Availability charges (Exchange)					
	Current (0 -30 days)	193,514	196,0			
	31 - 60 days	74,626	81,3			
	61 - 90 days	64,602	67,0			
	91 - 120 days	58,420	62,5			
	121 - 365 days	1,522,352	1,166,1			
	Arrangements	547,791	521,4			
	Less: Provision for impairment	(1,875,141)	(1,564,86			
	·	586,164	529,8			
	Housing Selling schemes (Exchange)					
	Current (0 -30 days)	83,284	87,4			
	31 - 60 days	37,876	40,5			
	61 - 90 days	31,053	30,90			
	91-120 days	28,036	28,78			
	121 - 365 days	1,037,550	1,003,92			
	Arrangements	55,000	52,30			
	ess: Provision for impairment					
,	lousing rental (Exchange)	1,272,799	1,243,96			
	Current (0 -30 days)	477 000	205.00			
	31 - 60 days	477,900 296,482	395,08			
	61 - 90 days	•	251,35			
	-	232,885	186,72			
	01 - 120 days	205,991	201,05			
	21 - 365 days	2,960,159	2,629,10			
	Arrangements	14,500	13,67			
L	ess: Provision for impairment	(1,587,921)	(1,940,19			
		2,599,996	1,736,79			



BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes	to the	Financial	Statements

gui	es in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)		
١.	Consumer debtors from exchange and non-exchange transactions (continued)				
	Summary of debtors by customer classification				
	Consumers				
	Current (0 -30 days)	24,447,474	34,964,300		
	31 - 60 days	2,625,609	2,716,40		
	61 - 90 days	1,747,172	1,652,69		
	91 - 120 days	1,485,087	1,274,54		
	121 - 365 days	22,748,546	24,044,87		
		53,053,888	64,652,82		
	Industrial/ commercial				
	Current (0 -30 days)	22,824,174	7,032,90		
	31 - 60 days	105,332	241,48		
	61 - 90 days	67,301	171,58		
	91 - 120 days	69,344	75,30		
	121-365 days	3,092,013	1,102,74		
		26,158,165	8,624,02		
	National and provincial government				
	Current (0 -30 days)	1,327,555	180,40		
	31 - 60 days	203,525	13		
	61 - 90 days	15,473	13		
	91 - 120 days	19,491.50			
	121 - 365 days		3,55		
		1,566,044	184,24		
	Total				
	Current (0 -30 days)	48,599,203	42,177,61		
	31 - 60 days	2,934,465	2,958,03		
	61 - 90 days	1,829,946	1,824,41		
	91 - 120 days	1,573,923	1,349,84		
	121 - 355 days	25,840,559	25,151,17		
		80,778,096	73,461,087		
	Less: Provision for impairment	(13,874,718)	(18,843,660		
		66,903,378	54,617,42		
	Reconciliation of consumer debtors				
	Consumer debtors	80,778,096	73,461,08		
	Provision for impairment	(13,874,718)	(18,843,660		
	Bad debts written off	(2,645,673)	(2,669,00		
	Adjustment of provision	2,645,673	2,669,001		
		66,903,378	54,617,427		

Trade and other receivables past due but not impaired

The Council regards consumer debtors to be due for outstanding amounts more than 30 days to be past due. The impairment of consumer debtors is calculated based on the historic payment rate per individual debtor.

As of 30 June 2012 consumer debtors of R 48 599 203 (2011: R 42 177 613) were not impaired.

Trade and other receivables impaired

As at 30 June 2012 trade receivables of R 13 874 718 (2011 - R18 843 660) were impaired and provided for.

Fair value of trade and other receivables approximate their carrying value. The carrying value of these trade receivables are denominated in the following currency: South African Rand.

Security provided in respect of Annuity Loans: Loan no. 556 is secured by Debtors and Ioan no. 557 is only secured by R36 700 000 of Debtors.

The average consumer debtors payment period for the year ended 30 June 2012 was 77 days (2011: 80 days). The debtors days remained unchanged. The industry norm is 42 - 45 days.



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

	ires In Rands	2012		2011 (restated)
12.	Cash and cash equivalents			
	Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and balar statements comprise the following balance sheet amounts:	ice with bank. Cash equ	ivalents in the ca	sh flow
	Cash on hand	26,485		23,335
	Bank balances	65,633,489 65,659,974	_	37,257,312 37,280,647
	The municipality had the following bank accounts:			
	Account number / description	Bank	statement balan	ces
		2012	2011	2010
	ABSA Bank - Worcester Branch	65,252,629	40,223,290	19,495,729
	Account number 1000010312	Cas	h book balances	3
		2012	2011	2010
		65,633,489	37,257,312	11,180,79
3.	Housing development fund			
	Unappropriate surplus	2,533,849		4,153,107
	Contributions from accumulated surplus of the municipality Operating account deficit	163,616 (2,697,465)		(1,619,258
				2,533,849
	Long term liabilities			
	Held at amortised cost			
	Annuity Loans	257,875,356 257,875,356		281,556,881
	Potento Annondio A for futbor information and Indiana.			281,556,881
	Refer to Appendix A for further information on long term liabilities			
	Security provided in respect of Annuity Loans: Loan no. 556 is R36 700 000 of Debtors. The other loans are secured by the outstanding plus interest and collection charges outstanding at	municipality's income	stream covering	s only secured by the instalments
	Man aurent linkilitie			
	Non-current liabilities - At amortised cost	232,144,735		257 075 252
		202,144,100	_	257,875,353
	Current liabilities			
	- At amortised cost	25,730,621		23,681,528

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes	to the	Financial	Statements

Figures in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
15. Unspent Conditional grants and receipts		
Unspent conditional grants comprises:		
Conditional grants and receipts		
National Government	300,000	22,826
Provincial Government	19,269,541	13,662,783
District Municipality	55,727	87,978
Other Municipalities	•	515
Public Contributions	335,740	885,857
	19,961,007	14,659,959
Reconciliation of unspent conditional grants		
Balance unspent at beginning of the year	14,659,959	25,994,309
Total Government receipts	138,143,792	129,406,444
Other capital receipts	5,837,116	2,198,098
Other receipts	262,677	_,,
Conditions met - capital grants	(45,733,548)	(49, 126, 234)
Conditions met - operating account	(93,442,910)	(91,723,283)
Conditions met - housing projects	•	
Conditions met - other capital jobs	(252,794)	(433,601)
From other debtors	(520,733)	(2,176,506)
Included in Other Debtors	1,007,448	520,732
	19,961,007	14,659,959

The allocations and subsidies received from National and Provincial Government as well the District Municipality, has been deposited into the Council's own bank account. The allocations received have been utilised in accordance with the conditions set. Where all the conditions have not yet been met, the total allocations have not been utilised. The outstanding conditions will be met prior to/or when the balance of the allocations is utilised. The percentage of the allocations utilised is an indication of the conditions met. Where the total of the allocations has been utilised, all the conditions have been met. Also refer to Appendix F for further detail regarding unspent conditional grants.

16. Provisions

Reconciliation of provisions - 2012

	Opening Balance	Additions	Reversed during the year	Total
Provision for Post-Retirement medical aid benefits Long Service Awards Provision for the rehabilitation of	85,042,000 11,249,000	16,412,000 1,345,000	-	101,454,000 12,594,000
landfill site	27,790,611	88,223		27,878,834
	124,081,611	17,845,223	-	141,926,834
Reconciliation of provisions - 2011				
Provision for Post-Retirement	Opening Balance	Additions	Reversed during the year	Total
medical aid benefits	68,488,000	16,554,000	_	85,042,000
Long Service Awards Provision for the rehabilitation of	6,895,000	4,354,000	-	11,249,000
landfill site	33,163,170	-	(5,372,559)	27,790,611
	108,546,170	20,908,000	(5,372,559)	124,081,611

The provision for landfill site was done for De Doorns for a 5 year period and for the Worcester site for a period of 30 years. No expenses have been incurred to date and the only movement is the contribution for the year. An assessment was done by an independent expert.



	es to the Financial Statements res in Rands		
yu	res III Railus	2012	2011 (restated
3.	Provisions (continued)		
	Non-current provisions		
	- Provision for Post-Retirement		
	medical aid benefits	97,472,750	81,182,98
	- Long Service Awards	11,665,557	10,711,02
	- Provision for the rehabilitation of	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,711,02
	landfill site	27,878,834	27,790,61
		137,017,141	119,684,61
	Current provisions		170,004,07
	- Provision for Post-Retirement		
	medical aid benefits	3,981,250	3,859,020
	- Long Service Awards	928.443	537,980
	- Provision for the rehabilitation of	333,110	337,30
	landfill site		
		4,909,693	4,397,000
	Post-Retirement medical aid benefit: Movemen	nts	
	Opening balance	85,042,000	68,488,000
	Benefits paid	(3,522,000)	(3,272,000
	Net expense recognised	19,934,000	19,826,000
		101,454,000	85,042,000
	Post-Retirement medical aid benefit: Net	eynence	
	recognised	expense	
	Current service cost	3,663,000	2.047.000
	Interest cost	7,660,000	2,947,000 6,573,000
	Actuarial (gains)/losses	8,611,000	10,306,000
	,	19,934,000	19,826,000
	Long service awards: Movements		
	Opening balance	11,249,000	6,895,000
	Benefits paid	(659,000)	(571,000)
	Net expense recognised	2,004,000	4,925,000
		12,594,000	11,249,000
ı	Long service awards: Net expense recognised		
(Current service cost	929,000	673,000
	nterest cost	966,000	677,000
Į	Negative past service cost	(801,000)	077,000 -
	Actuarial (gains)/losses	910,000	3,575,000
	•		0,010,000

Refer to note 17 for further disclosures of post-retirement medical aid benefits and long service awards.

17. Retirement benefit

Defined benefit plan

Post-Retirement medical aid benefit

Current and continuation members receive a 60% and 70% subsidy respectively of medical and contributions in retirement. The spouse and child dependants of an employee are entitled to a 60% and 70% subsidy respectively of their contributions is the event of the principal members' death in-service. In the event of the death of the principal member, the spouse becomes the principal member.

in 2012, 51% (2011: 50%) of the employees belonged to the above plan. The plan is defined as a post-retirement medical benefit plan.



4,925,000

2,004,000

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rands		2012	2011 (restated)

17. Retirement benefit (continued)

Long service awards

All permanent employees are entitled to a specified number of days additional leave based on their service. The employee may convert the additional leave into a cash amount.

In 2012, 8% (2011: 8%) of the employees qualified for long service awards.

Key assumptions used

The municipality made use of an independent firm to perform the valuation of post-retirement medical aid benefits and long service awards. The key assumptions used by the experts are listed below for the last valuation on 30 June 2011

Post-Retirement medical aid benefit

Discount rates	9.00%	9.00%
Health care cost inflation	7.50%	7.70%
Long service awards		
Discount rate	7.60%	8.50%
Salary inflation	7.50%	7.70%

The Cape Joint Pension fund is a multi-employer plan that is managed for a number of municipalities that is partly defined benefit and partly defined contribution plan. The following is disclosed in the regard to the member municipalities responsibility towards the defined benefit plan:

Financial condition of the fund		
Market value of assets	3,039,127,000	3,141,932,000
Past service liabilities	(3,030,085,000)	(2,946,599,000)
Investment reserve	(67,977,000)	(190,464,000)
Solvency reserve	(0. (0. 1,000)	(4,869,000)
	(58,935,000)	
Summary statistics		
Active members	1,222	1,362
Annual pensionable salaries (Rm)	173	178
Salary weighted average age (years)	50	49
Salary weighted average service (years)	22	21
Salary Weighted atterage service (years)	1,467	1,610
Future service contribution rate as % of salaries		
Retirement benefits	31	29
Death and withdrawal benefits	3	3
Expense allowance	2	1
Less: Member contributions	(9)	(9)
Key assumptions used		
Pre-retirement interest rate	9.00%	9.00%
Post-retirement interest rate	5.52%	5.83%
Price inflation	5.50%	5.00%
Dividend growth	6.00%	5.50%
	6.00%	5.50%
Salary increases	6.00%	5.50%
Defined contribution plan		

Defined contribution plan

It is the policy of the municipality to provide retirement benefits to 640 (2011:636) employees. A number of defined contribution provident funds, all of which are subject to the Pensions Fund Act exist for this purpose.

The municipality is under no obligation to cover any unfunded benefits.

The last valuation of the SAMWU National Provident Fund was done on 30 June 2005.

The last valuation of the SALA Pension Fund was done on 1 July 2010.

The last valuation of the Cape Joint Retirement Fund was performed on 30 June 2011

The last valuation of the Cape Joint Pension Fund was performed on 30 June 2011.



Electricity Water

Guarantees

Guarantees held in lieu of Electricity and Water Deposits

BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Flgı	ires in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
17.	Detterment hanelit (continued)		
17.	Retirement benefit (continued)		
	The valuators of the respective funds were satisfied that the plan is in a sound financial position.		
	Contributions by Council in respect of employees retirement		
	funding. The contributions have been expensed.	49 479 200	40.004.00
	-	18,178,290	16,624,93
	Contributions who elected so are members of the Municipal Councillors Pension Fund. Contributed by Council in		
	respect of Councillors retirement funding: The contributions	682,933	762,50
	have been expensed.	002,333	702,30
	Contributions to medical aid funds		
	Contributions to medical aid funds for employees	9,407,167	8,617,36
	Contributions to medical aid funds for Councillors	95,635	150,103
	Contributions to medical aid fund for pensioners	3,522,330	3,271,836
	-	13,025,133	12,039,304
	Post-Retirement medical aid benefit		
	Discount rate	9.00%	9.00
	Health care cost inflation	7.50%	7.709
	Long service awards		
	Discount rate	7.60%	8.509
	Salary inflation	7.50%	7.709
8.	Trade and other payables		
	Trade payables	45,566,819	45,461,891
	Payments received in advance	2,908,270	2,549,633
	Staff leave accrual	13,753,810	11,839,076
	Sundry Deposits	438,651	377,628
	Other payables	1,482,100	1,732,356
	Creditors balances closed. Debtors accounts: Fraud	377,670	
	South African Revenue Service: Penalties and interest	672,392	672,392
	South African Revenue Service: UIF Cape Joint Pension Fund	-	728,203
	Lease liability	1 000 425	7,927,678
	Retentions	1,022,135 10,414,894	1,016,248
	Verentions	76,636,741	11,878,304 84,183,409
	Fair value of trade and other payables:		
	The fair value of trade and other payables approximates their payables are denominated in the following currency: South Afr		ying amount of these trade
	The prior year was restated as result of WCA Creditor provide regarding the restatement.	ed for retrospectively. Refer	to note 42 for further deta



1,467,845 1,247,753

2,715,598

33,800

1,480,239 1,385,600

2,865,839

26,800

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

	Notes	to the	Financial	Statements
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Not	Notes to the Financial Statements					
Figi	ures in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)			
20.	Property Rates					
	Rates received					
	Property rates	93,300,993	84,928,429			
	Valuations					
	Land	784,917,470	786,417,970			
	Improvements	10,728,337,000	10,485,363,000			
		11,513,254,470	11,271,780,970			

The valuations for land and improvements include De Doorns, Rawsonville, Touwsriver, Worcester and rural areas.

Valuations on land and buildings are performed every four years. The last general valuation came into effect on 1 July 2008. Interim valuations are processed on an annual basis to take into account changes in individual property values due to alterations and subdivisions.

Rates are levied on an annual basis with the final date for payment being 30 September. Interest at prime plus 1% per annum and a collection fee, is levied on rates outstanding two months after due date. Monthly levies are allowed on application. A differentiated rebate up to 100% is granted to owners under certain circumstances. The basic rate's for the above mentioned areas, were charged for land and improvements at 0.7603 c/R (2011:0.7073 c/R) and for industrial and commercial sites at 1.4242 c/R (2011: 1.3248 c/R).

21. Service charges

	Only of the date.	0.477 4.07 70.00	
	Sale of electricity	247,400,789	209,386,907
	Sale of water	46,989,875	44,655,087
	Sewerage and sanitation charges	44,364,678	40,600,512
	Refuse removal	26,465,985	24,266,781
		365,221,327	318,909,287
22.	Government grants and subsidies		
	Equitable share	56,804,000	53,332,533
	Capital grants	45,733,548	49,542,892
	LGWSETA: Staff Development	418,449	443,791
	Other grants and donations	232,794	262,094
	Cape Wine lands District Municipality	62,767	213,453
	Systems Improvement Grant	812,826	786,594
	Financial Management Grant	1,250,000	1,000,000
	Provincial Government	6,517,619	13,665,859
	Housing Projects	27,596,974	22,035,902
		139,428,977	141,283,118
	Refer to Appendix F for further detail regarding grants received.		
23.	Finance Income		
	Bank	2,553,546	2,044,186
	Interest earned - external investments	5,086,993	5,306,065
	Interest - outstanding debtors	2,265,911	2,053,333
		9,906,450	9,403,584



Notes to the Financial Statements

Flgi	ures in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
24.	Fair value adjustments		
	Discounting of long term receivables: Movement for the		
	year	(1,092,581)	(3,150,996)
	Opening balance	(10,241,048)	(7,090,052)
	Closing balance	(11,333,629)	(10,241,048)
	Water stock movement	18,994	(101,689)
	Fair value adjustment on investment property	697,100	814,100
	(Loss)/Gain	(376,487)	(2,438,585)
25.	Rental Income		
	Housing schemes		
	Infrastructure/Site Rental	8,534,177	8,238,974
	Facilities and equipment Rental of facilities and equipment	1 700 927	4 775 500
	Nental of facilities and equipment	1,790,837 10,325,014	1,775,528 10,014,502
26.	Other Income	70,020,071	10,014,002
	Administration fees: Credit Control	1,771,821	1,409,826
	Bathing Tickets	248,978	-
	Building Clause Building plan fees	50,494 907,379	705 000
	Bulk Service Levies	807,378 182,124	785,928
	Burial fees	567,853	495,020
	Cleaning Block Drains	142,057	-
	Clearance Certificate	125,492	-
	Connection fees Connection Meters	1,080,775	977,117
	Cimmision Received	400,410 178,695	<u>.</u>
	Entrance fees	413,984	408.180
	Fire fighting charges	418,039	436,097
	Garden refuse special removals	253,152	235,902
	Handling charges Interest car loans, housing loans, sundry and township	847,752	691,439
	development	134,679	150,839
	Land sales	46,214	40,467
	Miscellaneous Income	284,930	705,300
	Network upgrading	959,072	681,212
	Photocopies and Printing Recovery of expenditure	112,063 54,400	100,856
	Rentel Street Bins	125,349	100,030
	Royalties	1,487,461	978,245
	Services	323,666	316,982
	Tender Documents	47,367 744,979	2.050.070
	Sundry Income	714,878 11,779,083	2,058,376 10,471,786
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Loans are secured by the municipality's income stream collection charges outstanding at any time during the term		ing plus interest and
27.	General expenses		
	Advertising	472,799	329,741
	Auditors remuneration	1,990,406	2,024,969
	Bank charges	1,128,660	943,901
	Bursaries CDW Programme	198,100 336,205	190,750 191,363
	Chemicals	1,885,558	1,319,936
	Cleaning	140,920	171,888
	Commission paid	542,019	513,271
	Communication	53,088	20,666
	Community development and training Conferences and seminars	5,182 61,757	22,545 142,937
	Connections	619	15,748
		- 1-	10,170



Notes	to the	Financial	Statements

	es to the Financial Statements ures in Rands	2012	2011 (restated
27.	General expenses (continued)		
	Consulting and professional fees	1,386,828	2,076,90
	Consumables	520,205	178,73
	Digging of graves	672,361	652,52
	Driver license expense	494,520	424,14
	Electricity	918,648	726,00
	Emergency relief	50,854	1,368,99
	Entertainment	403,780	411,60
	Flowers	5,610	5,02
	Fuel and oil	4,494,107	3,676,49
	Healthcare and Hygiene services Inspection fees	287,549	307,64
	Insurance	2,420,951	2,033,56
	Interpreting Services	159,732	194,51
	Lease rentals on operating lease	5,587,121	6,451,33
	Levies	1,100,081	926,68
	Loss of water and library materials	76,953	107,68
	Materials and Stores	748,324	807,81
	Motor vehicle expenses	21,189	544,48
	N1 interchange		8,020,75
	Operating Grant expenditure	1,620,084	1,396,51
	Other expenses	921,804	739,50
	PMS	281,345	293,03
	Postage and courier Printing and stationery	751,136 1 222 752	685,67
	Workshop charges	1,332,752	1,390,52
	Project maintenance costs	(1,549,948) 373,061	(1,521,34
	Public Participation	373,001	169,33 6,88
	Refuse	858,329	843,06
	Royalties and license fees	429,409	788,36
	Service level agreement	150,000	150,00
	Servicing of Summonses	754,048	803,79
	Staff welfare	58,453	126,55
	Subsistence and travel	1,161,205	1,203,98
	Subscriptions and membership fees	1,253,760	717,60
	Survey fees	52,630	48,59
	Telephone and fax	3,150,806	3,407,96
	Top Structure expenses	39,603,423	16,879,80
	Traffic: Rental Speed Cameras	1,008,833	
	Training	1,976,598	1,626,11
	Transfer fees	43,203	31,38
	Transport and freight	847	2,11
	Valuation expenses	1,156,217	978,52
	Ward committee projects	300,000	2,717,58
	Youth Development Program	190,322 82,042,443	235,39
	Employee related easts	02,042,443	68,523,61
•	Employee related costs		
	Basic	109,780,364	102,304,97
	Bonus	8,448,050	8,052,58
	Medical aid contributions	12,929,497	11,889,20
	UIF	658,557	1,029,59
	WCA	1,066,901	1,003,81
	Skills development levies	1,447,064	1,327,14
	Group Life Insurance	2,091,766	1,934,15
	Retirement Fund	18,178,290	16,624,93
	Travel and car allowances	4,884,654	4,522,32
	Overtime payments	9,568,829	10,238,554
	Acting allowances Housing benefits and allowances	695,871	653,223
	Allowances: Other	990,100 4,030,453	972,15
	Allowances: Other	4,030,453	3,887,364



Notes to	o the	Financial S	Statements

u	es in Rands		2012	2011 (restated
	Employee related costs (contue	4)		
	Protective clothing		1,068,670	822,47
	Less: Employee costs Capitalised		(182,152)	
			175,656,916	165,262,48
	Executive directors and other of	ficers:		
	Municipal Manager	July to Aug 2011		
	Annual Remuneration		1,118,246	820,53
	Performance Bonus		-	123,75
	Car Aliowance		17,600	96,00
	Contribution to UIF, Pension Fund	and Medical Aid	21,539	86,15
			1,157,385	1,126,43
	Municipal Manager	September 2011 to Febru	ary 2012	
	Acting Allowance		29,810	820,53
	Acting Allowance		50,340	123,75
	Car Allowance		-	96,00
	Contribution to UIF, Pension Fund	and Medical Aid	-	86,15
	· ·		80,150	1,126,43
	Municipal Manager	March 2012 to June 2012		
	Annual Remuneration		322,667	820,53
	Performance Bonus			123,75
	Car Allowance		28,000	96,00
	Contribution to UIF, Pension Fund	and Medical Aid	499	86,15
	·		351,166	1,126,43
	Chief Financial Officer			
	Annual Remuneration		804,343	757,49
	Performance Bonus		107,728	124,44
	Car Allowance		95,000	95,00
	Contribution to UIF, Pension Fund	and Medical Aid	1,497	1,49
			1,008,568	978,42
	Technical Director			
	Annual Remuneration		696,186	650,42
	Performance bonus		67,736	90,31
	Car Allowance		102,198	102,19
	Contribution to UIF, Pension Fund a	and Medical Aid	1,497	1,49
			867,617	844,43
-	Corporate Director			
,	Annual Remuneration		554,533	500,16
	Performance bonus		37,631	90,31
-	Car Allowance		127,000	138,00
- (Contribution to UIF, Pension Fund a	and Medical Aid	118,348	115,95
			837,512	844,43
	Community Director			
-	Annual Remuneration		583,771	540,44
١	Performance bonus		82,789	90,31
	Car Allowance		120,088	120,08
(Contribution to UIF, Pension Fund a	ind Medical Aid	96,022	93,59
	•		882,670	844,43

Personnel costs as percentage of total expenditure for 2012 is 28% (2011: 29%). The industry norm is less than 30%. This figure excludes the remuneration of councillors, as disclosed in note 29 to the Financial Statements.

29. Remuneration of councillors

Executive Major	575,022	565,718
Deputy Executive Mayor	472,557	373,701
Chief Whip	317,290	· -
Mayoral Committee Members	3,547,292	2,635,657
Speaker	475,687	308,493
Councillors	5,790,180	5,348,589
Councillors UIF	•	· · ·



Not	es to the Financial Statements		
Fig	ures in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
29.	Remuneration of councillors (continued)		
	Councillors pension contribution	682,933	762,502
	Councillors medical aid contribution	95,635	150,103
	in-kind benefits	11,956,596	10,144,763
	The Executive Mayor, Deputy Executive Mayor, Speaker, C Each is provided with an office and secretarial support at thousand vehicles for official duties.	hief Whip and Mayoral Comr e cost of the Council. The Ma	nittee Members are full-time. ayor has the use of a Council
30.	Bad debts		
	Bad debts written off debited to Provision for doubtful debtors	2,645,673	2,669,001
31.	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		
	Property, plant and equipment	64,729,687	62,933,214
32.	Bulk purchases		
	Electricity	175,299,776	140,526,139
	Water	1,432,999	652,106
33.	Finance costs	176,732,775	141,178,245
	External borrowings	27,575,546	22 679 570
34.	Auditors' remuneration	21,510,540	23,678,578
J-4.			
	Fees	1,990,406	2,024,969
35.	Contracted Services		
	Private contractors	4,827,756	3,105,378
	Security services	415,032	304,175
	Other contracted services	434,158	309,741
36.	Grant and subsidies paid	5,676,946	3,719,294
	Other Subsidies		
	Grant Art 186 (14)	-	16,085
	Grant in aid	148,800	149,600
		148,800	165,685
37.	Cash generated from operations		
	Surplus (deficit) before taxation Adjustments for:	(9,232,732)	(431,924)
	Adjustment - assets other movement	-	-
	Depreciation and amortisation	64,654,370	62,651,456
	Impairment loss Surplus on sale of assets	75,317	281,758
	Loss on disposal of assets	124,462	(253,694) 21,920
	Grants to operating account	(133,591,861)	(141,283,118)
	Bad debts written off	2,645,673	2,669,001
	Finance income	(7,640,539)	(7,350,251)
	Finance costs	27,575,546	23,678,578
	Fair value adjustment non-current receivables	1,092,581	3,150,996



	ires in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
37.	Cash generated from operations (continued)		
	Fair value adjustment on water stock	(18,994)	101,689
	Fair value adjustment on Investment property	(697,100)	(814,100
	Donated consumeables	232,164	(5.1).00
	Donated assets recognised as revneue	(5,837,116)	(291,398
	Grants and receipts	138,076,218	131,604,543
	Non-operating Income / (Expenditure)	(116,995)	244,158
	Non-operating expenses - leave payment	(1,310,016)	(1,968,456
	Changes in working capital:	(.,0.0,0.0)	(1,500,450
	Inventories	11,822,012	E22 200
	Other receivables from non-exchange transactions	52,272	523,290 2,046,767
	Consumer debtors	(9,962,682)	, ,
	Current portion of long-term debtors	552,648	(6,343,644
	Contribution to leave payment accrual	3,224,749	108,181
	Trade and other payables		2,944,269
	VAT	(9,461,402)	969,911
	Contributions to Debtors impairment provision	(572,011)	6,056,875
	Increase/(decrease) in Provision for landfill site	(1,358,330)	(1,556,380)
	Increase in Employee benefit obligation	88,223	(5,372,559)
	morease in Employee benefit obligation	17,757,000	20 008 000
			20,300,000
		88,173,457	
8.	Transfer from accumulated surplus		
8.		88,173,457	92,295,868
8. 9.	Transfer from accumulated surplus	88,173,457	20,908,000 92,295,868
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housing	88,173,457	
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for	88,173,457	
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for Infrastructure	88,173,457	
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for	88,173,457	92,295,868
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for Infrastructure	88,173,457 g reserve. 62,864,363	92,295,868 30,768,724 12,987,494
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for Infrastructure Housing operating commitments This committed expenditure relates to property and will be	88,173,457 ig reserve. 62,864,363 12,360,501	92,295,868 30,768,724
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for Infrastructure Housing operating commitments This committed expenditure relates to property and will be financed by external loans, reserves and government	88,173,457 ig reserve. 62,864,363 12,360,501	92,295,868 30,768,724 12,987,494
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for Infrastructure Housing operating commitments This committed expenditure relates to property and will be	88,173,457 ig reserve. 62,864,363 12,360,501	92,295,868 30,768,724 12,987,494
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for Infrastructure Housing operating commitments This committed expenditure relates to property and will be financed by external loans, reserves and government grants. Loans to the value of R51 000 000 have already	88,173,457 ig reserve. 62,864,363 12,360,501	92,295,868 30,768,724 12,987,494
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for Infrastructure Housing operating commitments This committed expenditure relates to property and will be financed by external loans, reserves and government grants. Loans to the value of R51 000 000 have already been secured. The Expenditure will be financed from: External Loans	88,173,457 ig reserve. 62,864,363 12,360,501	92,295,868 30,768,724 12,987,494 43,756,218
	Transfer from accumulated surplus No transfers from accumulated surplus were made to Housin Commitments Authorised capital expenditure Approved and contracted for Infrastructure Housing operating commitments This committed expenditure relates to property and will be financed by external loans, reserves and government grants. Loans to the value of R51 000 000 have already been secured. The Expenditure will be financed from:	88,173,457 g reserve. 62,864,363 12,360,501 75,224,863	92,295,868 30,768,724 12,987,494

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the municipality for certain of its office equipment. Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of financial performance on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. The impact of straight lining has been an increase in current year expenditure of R 5887 (2011: R754 118).

Minimum lease payments due:
- within one year
- in second to fifth year inclusive
- later than five years



1,671,995 2,582,114

4,254,109

2,366,954 1,004,079 -3,371,033

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

	Notes	to the	Financial	Statements
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Figu	res in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
9.	Commitments (continued)		
	Operating leases - as lessor (Income)		
	Minimum lease payments due		
	- within one year	00.445	
	- in second to fifth year inclusive	86,415	78,426
	- later than five years	208,955 7,366	178,557
	internation your	302,735	125,536 382,519
	Certain of the municipality's property are held to generate generally between 3 - 13 years. Payments received unde financial performance on a straight-line basis over the periodecrease in current year income of R 33 954 (2011: Increas	r operating leases are recogn od of the lease. The impact of	rised in the Statement of
).	Contingencies		
	Guarantees		
	Guarantee Eskom (ABSA)	63,400	63,400
	Guarantee South African Post Office Limited (ABSA)	75,000	75,000
	n	138,400	138,400
	Legal Matters Mojovi Buildings & Civils cc instituted a claim against the municipality for cancelling a contract for the building of		
	houses in Avian Park. The case was referred for Arbitration. No steps has been taken from Mojovi's side till date. Public Liability - Insurance claims based on quotations and could result in a lessor amount or more. It is the view of Management that it is unlikely that these claims will be paid	3,897,365	3,897,365
	out but might realise due to past experience.		
	Claims for damages - it is the view of Management that it is unlikely that these claims will be paid out but might realise	1,780,046	1,658,199
	due to past experience.	454.000	
	-	<u>154,083</u> 5,831,494	167,782
	-	3,031,434	5,723,346
	Other		
	Guarantees by Council in respect of Housing Loans for		
	Officials.	825,923	885,173
	Continued in the contin	825,923	885,173
	Contingent asset		
	Former employees - An arrangement is in process where two ex-employees will reimburse the municipality for money		
- 2	ost due to theft, fraud, forgery and gross dishonesty. Zadar - Court decision in favour of Council for reimbursement of legal fees. Taxation still needs to take	-	377,620
;	place. SARS - Dispute was entered into with SARS regarding VAT audit and repayment of amounts paid to SARS.	900,000	900,000
	•	1,761,161	1,761,161
	-	2,661,161	3,038,781
	-	2,007,101	3,038,78

41. Related parties

No related party transactions or relationships existed for the year under review for councillors or senior management with decision making authority, other than those disclosed in Appendix I. Also refer to note 28 and 29 which discloses the remuneration of key management and councillors respectively.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rands 2012	2011 (restated)

42. Restatements due to prior period errors

Certain errors were identified during the year which have been corrected retrospectively as far as practically possible. Further details regarding the restatements is set out below:

Prior period errors corrected:

2009 / 2010:

- Error 1: Creditors: Expenses was payable for Workmen's compensations in the 2009 year and not provided for.
- Error 2: Consumer debtors: Adjustment to provision for bad debts due to previous calculation included VAT.
- Error 3: Long term receivables: Adjustment to provision for bad debts due to previous calculation included VAT.
- Error 4: The result of the fact that housing top structures were incorrectly threated as expenses every year, adjustments had to be made to recognise the houses not handed over as inventory. Houses handed over have an expense in the respective financial year. 2009/2010 Work in progress units for Avian Park housing scheme must been included in the inventory and not in expenses.
- Error 5: Non-current assets: Adjustment to PPE land, 439 erven must be recognised under inventory, was included in PPE

2010 / 2011:

Error 1: Consumer debtors, Other receivables from non - exchange transactions and long term receivables: Adjustment to provision for bad debts due to previous calculation included VAT.

The restatement as set out above resulted in adjustments as follows:

Statement of financial position 1 July 2010

Error1:	
Creditors - Workmen's compensation for 2009 was incorrectly provided for.	(1,058,225)
Error 2:	(1,000,220)
Consumer debtors.	2,260,874
Error 3:	2,200,01
Long-term receivables.	1,037
Error 4	1,00.
Current assets: inventory debit	3,014,841
Error 5	表标是表现的基础的基 值
Decrease in Land: PPE (Grap 12)	(10,920,000)
Increase in inventory (Grap 12)	10,920,000
Accumulated surplus.	4,218,527
Statement of financial position 30 June 2011	
Error 1: 2010/2011;	
Current portion of long-term receivables	52.068
Long-term receivables	(52,068)
Other receivables from non-exchange transactions	1.343
Consumer debtors	924,120
Long-term receivables	305,835
Current assets: Error 4 inventory/ top structures	9,800,489
	11,031,788
Reconciliation of profit for the year 30 June 2011	
Net operating surplus (deficit) as previously stated	(1,160,236)
Contributions to Debtors impairment Provision adjusted.	11,031,788
Decrease of Billing removed	(22,131,463)
Decrease of General Expenses: Levies	22,131,463
Net operating surplus/(deficit) as restated	9,871,552

43. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified, to reflect the changes due to the prior period errors.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)

44. Financial assets by category

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below:

2012

	Loans and receivables	Held to maturity investments	Total
Consumer debtors	80,778,096	_	80,778,096
Other debtors	10,735,613	-	10,735,613
Long term receivables	27,803,458	_	27,803,458
Investments in other deposits		35,000,000	35,000,000
Cash and cash equivalents	65,659,974	-	65,659,974
	184,977,141	35,000,000	219,977,141
2011			
	Loans and receivables	Held to maturity	Total
		Investments	
Consumer debtors	73,461,086	_	73,461,086
Other debtors	9,516,946	-	9,516,946
Long term receivables	26,261,266	-	26,261,266
Investments in fixed deposits	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	90,000,000	90,000,000
Cash and cash equivalents	37,280,647	-	37,280,647
	146,519,945	90,000,000	236,519,945

45. Financial liabilities by category

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below:

2012

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Hold to maturity	Fair value through surplus or deficit - designated	Total
Consumer deposits	2,865,839	-	-	2,865,839
Unspent conditional grants and receipt	19,961,007	-	-	19,961,007
Trade and other payables	59,596,991	-	-	59,596,991
Annuity loans	257,875,356			257,875,356
_	340,299,193	-	-	340,299,193

2011

2011	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Hold to maturity	Fair value through surplus or deficit -	Total
Consumer deposits	2.745.500		designated	
	2,715,598	-	•	2,715,598
Unspent conditional grants and receipt	14,659,959	-	-	14,659,959
Trade and other payables	68,736,475	-	-	68,736,475
Annuity loans	281,556,881			281,556,881
	367,668,913			367,668,913



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes	to the	Financia	al Staten	nents

Figures in Rands	2012	2044 (manhahad)
		2011 (restated)

46. Risk management

Liquidity risk

The municipality's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The municipality manages liquidity risk through an on-going review of future commitments and credit facilities. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and investments, the availability of funding for service delivery through effective budgeting and availability of credit facilities. The municipality manages its risks through effective and efficient budgeting and credit control. The liquidity risk is thus limited.

Cash flow forecasts are prepared and adequate utilised borrowing facilities are monitored.

The table below analyses the municipality's financial liabilities and net-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

At 30 June 2012	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Annuity loans	54,506,026	50,879,421	122,926,550	253,735,363
Consumer deposits	2,865,839			· · · -
Trade and other payables	59,596,991	-	_	-
Unspent conditional grants	19,961,007	-	_	-
	136,929,863	50,879,421	122,926,550	253,735,363
At 30 June 2011	Less than i	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Annuity loans	50,399,517	54,506,026	201,676,281	225,865,052
Consumer deposits	2,715,598			
Trade and other payables	60,845,732	-	_	_
Unspent conditional grants	14,659,959	-	-	_
	128,620,806	54,506,026	201,676,281	225,865,052

Interest rate risk

At 30 June 2012, if interest rates on Rand-denominated trade receivables had been 0.5% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax surplus for the year would have been R 837 684 (2011 - R 572 645) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income on past due trade receivables

In order to hedge the fair value interest rate risk, borrowings are made at fixed rates and investments are not made for periods exceeding 12 months.

The municipality's has a low interest rate risk as long-term borrowings is made on a fixed interest rate. All financial assets except trade debtors bears a fixed interest rate.

At year end, financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

- Consumer debtors

Credit risk

Credit risk is managed by debt collection department. The credit risks, rates and consumer debtors, are managed in terms of the credit control and debt collection as well as the indigent relief policies.

Credit risk consists mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents and trade debtors. The municipality only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any one counter-party.

Trade receivables comprise a widespread customer base. Management evaluated credit risk relating to customers on an on-going basis. There is no independent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account past experience with the client's payment rate. Sales to customers are settled in cash or using major credit cards. Credit guarantee insurance is purchased when deemed appropriate.



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Figu	res In Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
46.	Risk management (continued)		
	Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year en	d were as follows:	
	Financial instrument	2012	2011
	Other debtors	10,735,613	9,516,94
	Long term receivables	27,803,458	26,261,26
	Incontract in ather describe	35,000,000	90,000,000
	Investments in other deposits	33,000,000	
	Cash and cash equivalents	65,659,974	37,280,647

Price risk

The municipality is not exposed to equity securities price risk as no investments are made by the municipality's in equity securities on the consolidated statement of financial position either as available for sale or at fair value through surplus or deficit.

47. Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

48. Events after the reporting date

The municipality is not aware of any other events after the reporting date that might have a material impact on the annual financial statements.

Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Opening balance	50,818,996	31,251,471
Unauthorised expenditure - expenditure exceeds budget	_	16,624,131
Irregular expenditure - Bovidae Investments (Pty) Ltd	_	962.217
Irregular expenditure - Contract expired: Geniprint	69,986	7,228
Irregular expenditure - Singeni contract	-	368,969
Irregular expenditure - WP Security	_	1,110,853
Irregular expenditure - Cougar Security		629,941
Irregular expenditure - Hippo Wassery II	80.576	•
Irregular expenditure - Various	182,016	91,804
Irregular expenditure - Security - Global	2,699,083	3,239,589
Irregular expenditure - Security - Future		
Irregular Various - additional	755,803	-
mogular various - additional	80,827	
Lace: Amounta not recoverable (not expressed for write +49	54,687,286	54,286,203
Less: Amounts not recoverable (not approved for write off)	40.044.4043	
Less: Amounts (approved for write off by Council 29.11.2011)	(16,241,131)	(3,467,207)
	38,446,155	50,818,996
Applyois of avagaditure qualities appeared assessed		
Analysis of expenditure awaiting approval per age classification		
	0.000.004	
Current year	3,868,291	23,034,732
Prior years	34,577,865	27,784,264
	38,446,155	50,818,996

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures In Rands 2012 2011 (restated)

49. Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure (continued)

Details of irregular expenditure - Current year

No tender issued for contract with Bovidae Investments (Pty) Ltd, which contracts were signed by Mr Damens on behalf of council for the rental for various office equipment for different periods for which evidence that the prescribed procurement procedures has been followed, could not be provided by 26/11/2007 to the Auditor-General. Therefore in terms of section 1 and 32 of the MFMA all expenditure incurred in respect of this contract is regarded as irregular expenditure. An internal hearing was held and Mr Damens was dismissed. Mr Damens has appealed against this ruling and the appeal is still in process. The Appeal hearing Chairperson has been appointed - The matter isset down for the 14 and 15 August 2012 for continuation of arbitration.

The contract with Geniprint, for a Genicom Printer, expired on 17 March 2008. Total payments of R7 228 were made to the supplier during the period 2010/2011 financial year and a payment of R 69 986.07 was made to the supplier for the 2011/2012 Financial Year.

The contract with Singeni Electrical Construction CC, as per tender BV63, was not entered into in terms of SCM regulations and municipal policy. Payments to the value of R 368 969 were made during the 2010/2011 year. The contract was ended and the tender process was followed and a new service provider was appointed for the service.

Payments to the value of R 1 023 001 and R 694 938 were made to WP Security and Cougar Security respectively in the 2010/2011 year, in terms of an extended contract, which was not communicated in terms of MFMA Section 116(3)(b). WP Security and Cougar Security were appointed on a month to month basis after the contract expired. New service providers were appointed subsequently.

Awards to the amounts of R 80 575.55 was made to Hippo Wassery II for the 2011/12 financial year. Mr A Abrahams, husband of owner, Mrs Abrahams is in the service of the SAPS.

A Section 32 Committee has been appointed by council to investigate the Irregular expenditure and to report to council.

Various other instances to the total amount of R 182 016 were identified where irregular expenditure took place during the 2011/12 financial year. For a detailed listings and reasons regarding these items refer to Appendix G.

50. In-kind donations and assistance

In-kind donations, in the form of assets, to the value of R5 837 116 have been received by the Municipality during the 2011/2012 financial year.

Consumable items to the value af R 232 161 have been received and recognised as an expense and revenue in the Statement of Financial year.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes to the Financial Stateme	nents
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lgı	res in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
i1.	Contributions to organised local government		
	Current year subscription /fee	1,196,851	663,385
	Amount paid - current year	(1,196,851)	(663,385)
		•	
	Audit fees		
	Opening balance	- 16	-
	Current year subscription /fee	1,990,406	2,024,969
	Amount paid - current year	(1,990,406)	(2,024,969
		-	
	PAYE and UIF		
	Opening balance	1,828,868	19,757
	Current year subscription /fee	22,210,533	20,762,641
	Amount paid - current year	(20,380,058)	(18,933,773
	Amount paid - previous years	(1,828,868)	(19,757
		1,830,475	1,828,868
	Pension and Medical Ald Deductions		
	Opening balance	(698,769)	(401,651)
	Current year subscription / fee	49,369,747	45,626,260
	Amount paid - current year	(49,547,073)	(45,779,440
	Amount paid - previous years	(153,180)	(143,938
	Included in creditors		-
	VAT	(1,029,275)	(698,769)
	VAT receivable	4 404 692	0.000.074
	VAT payable	4,404,682	3,832,671
		4,404,682	3,832,671
			5,552,611

VAT output payables and VAT input receivables are shown in note 10 . All VAT returns have been submitted by the due date

Counciliors' arrear consumer accounts

The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days at 30 June 2012:

30 June 2012	Outstanding Arrangement R	Outstanding less than 90 days R	Outstanding more than 90 days R	Total R
PB Januarie	6,654	-	_	6,654
L & NV Steto	5,627	_	_	5,627
NP & TG Mecuur	3,829	-	-	3,829
CF & C Wilskut	15,247	-	-	15,247
FJ Klein	14,532	-	-	14,532
TM Wehr	9,378	-	-	9,378
	-	-	-	-
	55,267			55,267



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures In Rands 2012	2011 (roetstori)

51. Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act (continued)

30 June 2011	Outstanding Arrangement	Outstanding less than 90 days	Outstanding more than 90 days	Total
	R	R	R	R
F. Klein	22,287	-	-	22,287
T.M. Wehr	21,378	514	-	21,892
B.D. Kivedo	11,245	397	-	11,642
N.V. Steto	5,273	483	-	5,756
J.P. Appels	4,663	603		5,266
T.C. Dyonta	4,755	620	-	5,375
S. Lakey	574	141	-	715
	70,175	2,757		72.932

During the year the following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days:

30 June 2012 None	Highest Aging outstanding (in days) amount
30 June 2011	Highest Aging outstanding (in days)
None	

52 Actual operating expenditure versus budgeted operating expenditure

Refer to Appendix D (1) for the comparison of actual operating expenditure versus budgeted expenditure. Refer to Appendix D (2) for Revenue and Expenditure By Source (Actual Versus Budgeted)

53. Actual capital expenditure versus budgeted capital expenditure

Refer to Appendix D (3) for the comparison of actual capital expenditure versus budgeted expenditure.

The capital expenditure incurred during the year amounted to R 68 140 417 (2011: R 137 534 337) which represented 49.3% (2011: 93%) of the approved capital budget, R 138 345 278 (2011: R 147 122 217). The total in Annexure D (3) reflected an amount of R 73 977 533 which include the donated assets of R 5 837 116, not budgeted for.



	Notes	to the	Financial	Statements
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Figures in Rands	2012	2011 (restated)
 Reconciliation between budget surplus/deficit w performance 	ith the surplus deficit in the stateme	nt of financial
	financial	
performance	(9,232,732)	9,871,551
Difference between budgeted and actuals:		
Service charges	(3,468,015)	7 192 000
Rental Income	(1,087,176)	7,183,696
Income from agency services	303,309	(434,718)
Property rates	1,376,641	269,460 (87,386)
Property rates - penalties imposed and collection	(101,906)	20,442
Fines	1,361,767	(2,369,100)
Licences and permits	298,369	148,033
Government grants and subsidies	(7,779,665)	(30,832,732)
Revenue foregone	2,372,355	2,657,128
Other Income	(738,311)	(324,960)
Finance income	360,050	(3,305,516)
Employee related costs	11,763,468	5,667,722
Remuneration of councillors	299,380	455,016
Bad debts	3,354,327	3,330,999
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	2,003,596	2,157,079
Bulk purchases	(4,620,806)	(4,371,447)
Finance costs	4,429,101	3,300,166
Collection costs	58,606	23
Repairs and maintenance	(871,860)	(2,509,466)
Contracted services	(1,717,046)	3,346
Grants and subsidies paid	1,200	(15,685)
Contributions to (from) debtors impairment, employee		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
benefit obligation and leave payment accrual	(4,372,523)	(3,045,271)
General Expenses	(3,002,702)	31,889,478
Gains on disposal of assets	(49,962)	231,774
Fair value adjustments	(376,487)	(2,438,585)
Net surplus/deficit per approved budget	(9,028,442)	2,292,055

Refer to Appendix H for the Statement of Comparative and Actual Information. For explanations regarding the differences, refer to Appendix D (1) and D (2) for operating expenditure and Appendix D(3) for capital expenditure.

55. Change in accounting estimate

Property, plant and equipment: A review of useful lives was done on assets. During the review certain infrastructure and other property plant and equipment with Rnil book values and nil remaining lives were identified. The entity's management considered how to account for the change in the estimated useful lives. The effect of a change in accounting estimate is required to be recognised prospectively by including it in surplus or deficit in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only; or the period of the change in future periods, if the change affects both. Management concluded that it should apply the change in estimate prospectively from the start of 2012 and therefore the depreciation charge was applied prospectively from 1 July 2011 over the remaining useful life of these assets.

Statement of Financial Performance 30 June 2012	R
Decrease in depreciation for the year	463,164
Statement of Financial Position 30 June 2012	R
Decrease in accumulated depreciation for the year	463,164



Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rands 2012 2011 (restated)

55. Change in accounting estimate (continued)

A review of useful lives was done on assets. During the review certain infrastructure and other property plant and equipment with Rnil book values and Rnil remaining lives were identified. The effect of a change in accounting estimate is required to be recognised prospectively by including it in surplus or deficit in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only; or the period of the change in future periods, if the change affects both. The change in accounting estimate has been applied prospectively from the start of 2012. The effect on the current year is to increase the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment by R463 164 and decrease the depreciation expense by R463 164 in the 2011/2012 financial year.

56. Deviation from Supply Chain Management regulations

In terms of section 36 of the Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations any deviation from the Supply Chain Management Policy needs to be approved/condoned by the Accounting Officer and noted by Council.

Paragraph 12(1)(d)(i) of Government gazette No. 27636 issued on 30 May 2005 states that a supply chain management policy must provide for the procurement of goods and services by way of a competitive bidding process.

Paragraph 36 of the same gazette states that the accounting officer may dispense with the official procurement process in certain circumstances, provided that he records the reasons for any deviations and reports them to the next meeting of the accounting officer and includes a note to the annual financial statements.

During the financial year under review goods/services totalling R 10 075 975 were procured and the process followed in procuring those goods/services deviated from the provisions of paragraph 12(1)(d)(i) as stated above. The reasons for these deviations were documented and reported to the accounting offices who considered them and subsequently approved the deviation from the normal supply chain management regulations.

A detailed list of deviations is available upon request and on the municipality's website.



BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY Preliminary Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

APPENDIX A: EXTERNAL LOANS

	Date	Amount	Date	Transactions for the ye	sar to date:			Less: Ac	Add:			Short term
	Received	d Received	Redeemable	Balance as at 2011/07/01	Received	Redeemed	Interest Paid Ir	Interest Accrued Accrued Previous Currant Year		Balance as at 2012/06/30	Carrying Value	Portion
EXTERNAL LOANS												
ANNUITY & STOCK LOANS 3 9001 60726100				281,556,881	0	23,681,526	26,717,991	(5,715,880)	6,673,435	257,875,356	301,274,513	25,730,621
Loans redeemed											2 040 940 2	
@10.55%	•		31/03/2014	9,530,350	0	2,855,753	934,626	(250,674)	176.656	6.674.597	12 805 140	3 165 633
@10.891%	557 14/11/2005	005 22,000,000.00	31/03/2015	12,367,693	0	2,617,182	1,281,100	(335,819)	265,918	9.750.511	15 764 122	2 011 482
@ 10.40%	558		31/03/2009	0	0	0	0		0		324 102	200,
@ 11.00%	559 26/06/1997	997 9,179,000.00	31/03/2014	3,052,302	0	910,443	312.241	(83.708)	59.108	2 141 859	3 397 516	1 012 550
@ 12.00%	_	00.000,000,8 686		1,938,929	0	236,397	226,405	(58,009)	51,088	1,702,532	617 337	265 979
@12.00%	561 25/07/1997	00.000,000,7 789	31/03/2017	4,502,872	0	548,998	525,792	(134,716)	118.645	3.953.875	1 946 200	617,695
@ Variable rate	562		30/06/2009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7 790 913	
%69.8 ©		006 25,000,000.00	31/03/2016	17,461,717	0	2,596,466	1,466,224	(378,316)	323,030	14.865.250	19 497 393	2 829 363
@ 10.21%	"	4,		33,445,612	0	4,795,765	3,304,469	(851,360)	729,284	28.649.847	42.817.707	5.306,612
@ 10.14%				1,540,584	0	1,001,391	131,819	(38,947)	13,631	539,193	2,765,018	539.193
@ 2.00%	.,			17,247,036	0	2,112,735	838,561	(214,997)	189,065	15,134,301	20,937,348	2.221.295
@ 9.46%	.,	4		31,585,582	0	3,356,775	2,918,421	(744,952)	667,409	28,228,807	36,908,721	3,687,081
@ 9.46%	•			1,297,310	0	280,689	116,559	(30,597)	24,080	1,016,621	298'866	308.012
@6.75%	_	•	•	20,145,811	0	543,843	1,354,518	(339,029)	330,228	19,601,968	21,000,000	584,310
@ 12.08%	_	-		27,802,394	0	411,496	3,355,636	(837,332)	826,186	27,390,898	29,000,000	469.896
@ 11.326%			31/03/2030	49,638,690	0	803,019	5,615,311	(1,401,669)	1,380,985	48,835,671	50,000,000	908.726
DBSA: @ 11.5% 1	1100 29/06/2011	011 50,000,000.00	31/03/2030	20,000,000	0	610,573	4,336,309	(15,753)	1,418,123	49,389,427	32,604,299	901,784
												•



BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012
APPENDIX B: Analysis of Property, Plant and Equipment

Classification of Assets			Cost	Cost/Revaluation			
7							
	Copening	Additions	Grap 12 Transfer	rair value adjustment	Transfers	Disposals	Closing Balance
	30.6.2010						30.6.2011
LAND	252,656,760	•		•	•	r	252,556,760
BUILDINGS	255,604,274	1,923,943	•	1	(76,664)	•	257,461,553
INFRASTRUCTURE	1,888,705,788	132,471,447	83,599	1	-14,893	•	2,021,245,941
HERITAGE ASSETS	11,412,805	•	•	1	1		11,412,805
OTHER ASSETS	34,186,433	2,996,213			92,702	(701,537)	36,573,811
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	1,016,965	142,734	1	,	(1,145)	(145)	1,158,409
INVESTMENT PROPERTY	7,543,200			814,100	1		8,357,300
Total	2,451,026,225	137,634,337	83,599	814,100	0	(701,682)	2,588,756,579



BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012
APPENDIX B: FIXED ASSET RECONCILIATION

CostRevaluation	
Classification of Assets	

	Opening		GRAP 12	Fair value	:		Closing
	Balance	Additions	Transfer	adjustment	Transfers	Disposals	Balance
	30.6.2011						30.6.2012
LAND	252,556,760	•	i	•	ı	•	252,556,760
BUILDINGS	267,451,553	666,563	٠	,		ı	258,118,116
INFRASTRUCTURE	2,021,245,941	61,959,757	-44,812	ı	2,086,570	(22,384)	2,085,225,072
HERITAGE ASSETS	11,412,805	ı	,	ı	•	•	11,412,805
OTHER ASSETS	36,573,811	11,194,286	,	ı	(2,086,570)	(151,910)	45,529,616
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	1,158,409	156,927	•	,	٠	1	1,315,336
INVESTMENT PROPERTY	8,357,300	ı	٠	697,100	•	•	9,054,400
Total	2,588,756,579	73,977,633	-44,812	697,100		(174,294)	2,663,212,106



BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012
APPENDIX B: FIXED ASSET RECONCILIATION

Accumulated Depreciation	
Classification of Assets	

	Opening				Closing
	Balance	Additions	Impairment	Disposals	Balance
	30.6.2010				30.6.2011
LAND		•	,	,	'
BUILDINGS	143,628,846	6,231,907	600'6	•	149,869,762
INFRASTRUCTURE	584,759,201	51,434,770	14,921	•	636,208,892
HERITAGE ASSETS		•	•	•	•
OTHER ASSETS	9,704,891	4,895,833	255,125	(594,592)	14,261,257
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	583,624	88,948	2,702	(36)	675,237
INVESTMENT PROPERTY	1,000		,		1,000
Total	738,677,563	62,651,458	281,757	(594,628)	801,016,149



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 APPENDIX B: FIXED ASSET RECONCILIATION BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY

Classification of Assets	Accumulated Depreciation	Carryin
		Value
		2012/06/3

	Opening				Closing	Carrying
	Balance	Additions	Impairment	Disposals	Balance	Value
	30.6.2011				30.6.2012	30.6.2012
LAND	,		•	•	•	252,556,760
BULDINGS	149,869,762	6,295,624	•		156,165,386	101,962,730
INFRASTRUCTURE	636,208,892	52,645,261	25,641	(4,477)	688,875,318	1,396,349,754
HERITAGE ASSETS	•	•	1		•	11,412,806
OTHER ASSETS	14,261,257	5,602,099	49,676	(45,355)	19,867,677	25,661,939
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	675,237	111,387		ŧ	786,625	528,711
INVESTMENT PROPERTY	1,000		,		1,000	9,053,400
Total	801,016,149	64,654,371.16	75,316.52	(49,832)	865,696,005	1,797,516,100

Total



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Appendix C(1): Revenue and Expenditure By Standard Classification

2011 Actual Revenue R	2011 Actual Expenditure R	2011 Surplus / (Deficit) R		2012 Actual Revenue R	2012 Actual Expenditure R	2012 Surplus / (Deficit) R
720,826	44,014,258	(43,293,432)	Executive & Council	1,040,816	32,236,940	(31,196,125)
105,611,574	31,815,849	73,795,725	Budget and Treasury Office	113,988,729	35,644,810	78,343,918
1,393,013	35,555,700	(34,162,686)	Corporate Services	4,045,780	38,450,509	(34,404,729)
504,552	13,807,413	(13,302,860)	Community and Social Services	630,010	15,373,947	(14,743,937)
581,902	15,531,854	(14,949,952)	Sport and Recreation	1,548,996	16,588,526	(15,039,530)
4,986,147	30,811,615	(25,825,468)	Public Safety	9,377,217	36,157,074	(26,779,856)
23,514,736	24,309,827	(795,091)	Housing	28,355,176	47,421,831	(19,066,654)
(22,580)	332,620	(355,199)	Health	(43,211)	367,738	(410,950)
1,297,495	8,346,934	(7,049,439)	Planning and Development	1,478,647	8,494,085	(7,015,439)
26,292,448	39,316,511	(13,024,063)	Road Transport	11,148,012	34,331,226	(23,183,213)
3,275,125	6,664,430	(3,389,305)	Environmental Protection	4,123,852	8,482,232	(4,358,381)
220,979,875	188,191,335	32,788,539	Electricity	264,387,784	223,807,248	40,580,536
52,375,945	34,456,266	17,919,679	Water	50,491,834	35,168,019	15,323,815
71,972,909	41,396,773	30,576,136	Waste Water Management	74,232,686	47,206,462	27,026,224
27,890,998	15,732,636	12,158,362	Waste Management	30,849,207	24,082,887	6,766,320
(113,585)	1,105,810	(1,219,395)	Other	(162,371)	912,358	(1,074,730)
541,261,380	531,389,829	9,871,551	Total –	595,493,162	604,725,893	(9,232,731)



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Appendix C(2): Revenue and Expenditure By Municipal Vote

2011 Actual Revenue R	2011 Actual Expenditure R	2011 Surplus / (Deficit) R		2012 Actual Revenue R	2012 Actual Expenditure R	2012 Surplus / (Deficit) R
375,763	33,058,104	(32,682,341)	Council General	1,003,438	22,253,383	(21,249,945
619,009	8,702,381	(8,083,372)	Municipal Manager	481,785	7,010,525	(6,528,740)
23,201,164	53,402,890	(30,201,726)	Corporate Services	27,712,232	78,391,666	(50,679,434)
105,783,375	36,995,607	68,787,768	Financial Services	114,836,481	41,991,866	72,844,615
14,329,734	42,507,476	(28,177,742)	Community Services	20,572,043	49,663,534	(29,091,491)
396,952,336	356,723,371	40,228,965	Operational Services	430,887,183	405,414,919	25,472,263
541,261,380	531,389,829	9,871,551	Total	595,493,162	604,725,893	(9,232,731)



Appendix D(2): Revenue and Expenditure By Source (Actual Versus	e By Source (/	Actual Versus	Budgeted)			
						Т
	2012	2012	2012	2012	Possone For Metadal Dariedana	
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Variance	Deviations Greater Than 10% Versus Budget	
	œ	œ	œ	%		
Operating Revenue						
Property Rates	91,924,351	93,300,993	1,376,642	-		
Froperty rates - Penalities and Collection Charges Service Charges	511,000	409,094	(101,906)	(20)	The payment rate of Property Rates is above 100%, thus is less penalties incurred than anticipalted	
Electricity Develor	345,000,000	175,122,000	(3,468,015)	E		
Water Revenue	43.062.230	46,000,789	5,558,213	<u>()</u>		
Sanitation Revenue	46 657 130	44.364.678	(3,927,045)	ο <u>(</u>		
Refuse Revenue	26,010,980	26.465.985	(455,005)	7 (0		
Rent of Facilities and Equipment	11,412,190	10,325,014	(1,087,176)	(10)	Municipal rental farife is higher than other service provident	
Interest Earned - External Investments	7,500,000	7,640,539	140,539	2	ייייייקיים ייישור פוויים ווישור מווים פפיעוכם לוויסיים ווישור סווים פפיעוכם לוויסיים	
Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors	2,046,400	2,265,911	219,511	1	There has been an improvement and effectionary in the Debt Collection processor of the missississis.	
Fines	7,979,830	9,341,597	1,361,767	17	municipal area	
Licenses and Permits	2,526,520	2,824,889	298,369	12	There has been an improvement in the enforcement of Municipal Ry.1 awe	
Agency Services	3,762,500	4,065,809	303,309	80	swell-fame	
Transfers Recognised - Operating	100,461,389	93,695,429	(6,765,960)	6		
Transfers Recognised - Capital	46,747,253	45,733,548	(1,013,705)	(2)		
Other Revenue	12,517,394	11,402,596	(1,114,798)	6		
Gain on Disposal of PPE	15,000	•	(15,000)	(100)	No municipal auction was held during the 2011/2012 financial year	
Total Operating Revenue Generated	656,093,169	646,226,746	(9,866,423)	(2)		
Less Revenue Foregone	(53,105,938)	(50,733,583)	2,372,355	€ €		
Total Operating Revenue	602,987,231	595,493,162	(7,494,068)	3		
					2012 = 11 - 3 0	
Operating Expenditure						
Employee Deleted Costs Colored	000				A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
Remuneration of Councillors	187,420,384	175,656,917	(11,763,467)	<u>(9)</u>		
Debt Impairment	6,000,000	2 845 673	(2 354 237)	(2)		
	0000	2,0,0,0	(176,466,6)	(oc)	and mere was an increase in agreements and a decrease in prescribed debt	
Collection Costs	195 500	136 894	(58 BOB)	(30)	An improvement in Debt Collection processes of the municipality and an increase in agreements,	
Depreciation and Asset Impairment	66.733.283	64 729 687	(2003,596)	(3)	resulted in minimal usage of Deot Collection Agencies	
Interest - External Borrowings	32,004,647	27.575.548	(4 429 101)	(2)	the 2042/2014 Grand of the second of the sec	
Bulk Purchases	172,111,969	176.732.775	4 620 806	7	ord zo rzizo i o inigilogalyeal, which resulted in less interest paid	_
Other Materials	36,715,653	37,587,513	871.860			
Contracted Services	3,959,900	5,676,946	1.717,046		Were appointed on a monthly basis based on another and participants	
Grants and Subsidies	150,000	148,800	(1,200)		and appearance of a montain basis basis of qualations levelyed	
Other Expenditure	79,039,741	82,042,442	3,002,701	4		
Loss on Disposal of PPE	89,500	124,462	34,962	39	More assets disposed than anticipated	
Contributions To/(From) Provisions	15,339,120	19,711,643	4,372,523	29	Due to an increase in the Provision for Post Betrement Modical Aid housest	
Total Operating Expenditure	612,015,673	604,725,893	(7,289,779)	(1)	STEELS OF THE ST	_
Surplus / (Deficit) For The Year	(9,028,442)	(9,232,731)	(204,289)	2		
			13			
			S.			

BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY Preliminary Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

Appendix D(3): Actual versus Budget (Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment)

	2011/2012 Total Additions	2011/2012 Budget	2011/2012 Variance	2011/2012 Variance (%)	Explanation of Significant Variances Variances greater than 5% versus Budget	
Governance and administration Executive and council	12,187	15,472	-3,285	-21	Savings on Equipment purchased	
Budget and treasury office	207,284	207,500	-216	9		A POSTON GENERAL
Corporate services	3,258,100	1,452,890	1,805,210	124	Donated Vehicles not Budgeted	2012 -11- 3 0
Community and public safety Community and social services	224,042	720,970	-496,928	69-	Entrance and Fence Civic Centre not completed	entre de la manuel
Sport and recreation	912,273	1,613,789	-701,516	4	Underspending on Grant funding for Sport grounds. Transferred to 2012/13	sferred to 2012/13
Public safety	4,450,309	1,546,393	2,903,916	188	Donated equipment Disaster management not Budgeted	
Housing	•	•	•	•		
Health	•					
Economic and environmental services Planning and development	35,754.34	39,000	-3,246	φ	Saving on purchases of Equipment and Furniture	
Road transport	4,806,791	7,276,000	-2,469,209	쓣	De Dooms South N1: services - approved in Feb with adjustment budget. Work in progress to be completed October 2012	ustment budget. Work in progress to be
Environmental protection	•	•	•			
Trading services						
Electricity	16,385,810	54,017,093	-37,631,283	-20	Late delivery of transformers and switchgear. Unspent portion transferred to 2012/13 for completion of project	tion transferred to 2012/13 for completion of
Water	3,703,152	12,489,586	-8,786,434	07-	De Dooms South N1 : services - approved in Feb with adjustment budget. Work in progress to be completed October 2012. Contractor on Stetteynskloof pipeline appointed late as a result of an objection lodged. Funds transferred to 2012/13	ustment budget. Work in progress to be reline appointed late as a result of an
Waste water management	39,342,462	58,310,901	-18,968,439	Ŗ	De Dooms South N1: services - approved in Feb with adjustment budget. Work in progress to be completed October 2012. Worc WWTW saving of R7.1m and R7.65m transferred to 2012/13 for completion of project.	ustment budget. Work in progress to be and R7.65m transferred to 2012/13 for
Waste management	638,369	655,684	-16,315	-2		
Other	0	•	•	•		
Total	73,977,533	138,345,278	-64,367,745	47		

APPENDIX E STATISTICAL INFORMATION

(1)	Gene	ral Statistics	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
	(a)	Population.	146,026	146,026	146,026	146,026	146,026
	(b)	Valuation	R '000	R '000	R '000	R '000	R '000
		(i) Taxable			550	17 000	K 000
		Land	784,917,470	786,417,970	785,573,470	796,504,670	1,339,949
		improvements	10,728,337,000	10,485,363,000	10,444,796,000	10,304,765,000	3,176,313
		(ii) Non Taxable	0	0	0	0,004,700,000	
		Land		ol	اه	ŏ	0
		improvements		o l	o l	o l	0
		(iii) Date of Last General Valuation	2007/07/02	2007/07/02	2007/07/02	2007/07/02	2004/07/01
	(c)	Number of properties				2007707702	2004/07/01
		Residential	17,562	16,706	16,490	16,337	17,074
		Commercial	1,018	1,026	1,011	1,003	1,172
		Other	3,631	3,611	3,498	3,014	1,096
		Rural	2,243	2,195	2,148	2,065	2,111
	(d)	Assessment Rate: Cent in the Rand	0.020321	0.020321	0.01767	0.0058	1.59751
	(e)	Number of Employees				0.0000	1.597.51
		Employed	930	913	874	865	1017
		Vacancies	107	78	74	64	690
				1		04	090
(2)		cal Statistics		i			
	(a)	Number of users	23 983	27 200	27 000	26 000	24 974
	(b)	Units bought	325 075 006	328 899 051	318 079 594	317 796 648	315 603 213
	(c)	Units sold	307 361 747	307 144 886	284 981 601	306 096 156	294 986 045
	(d)	Units lost in distribution	17,713,259	21,754,165	33,097,993	11,700,492	20,617,168
	(e)	Percentage of units lost in distribution	5.449%	6.614%	10.406%	3.682%	6.533%
	(f)	Cost per unit bought	0.741435	0.624585	0.507133	0.425132	0.331929
	(g)	Loss in distribution	13,133,237	13,587,325	16,785,077	4,974,259	6,843,445
	(h)	Cost per unit sold	0.784164	0.668822	0.566032	0.441383	0.355129
	(i)	Income per unit sold	0.846885	0.712569	0.610901	0.472369	0.400129
(3)	Water	Statistics		ļ		ĺ	ļ
(0)	(a)	Number of users				-	
	(b)	Units supplied	26,360	26,200	26,000	23,000	20,393
	(c)	Units sold	15,442,467	15,159,075	14,322,848	14,192,730	14,118,113
	(d)	Units lost in distribution	12,113,253	10,209,088	9,964,772	9,921,551	9,634,750
	(e)	Percentage of units lost in distribution	3,329,214 21.5588%	4,949,987	4,358,076	4,271,179	4,483,363
	(f)	Cost per unit supplied	3.407909	32.6536%	30.4274%	30.0941%	31.7561%
	(g)	Loss in distribution	11,345,657	3.205210	3.707358	3.394903	2.276200
	(h)	Cost per unit sold	4.344540	15,865,747 4.759290	16,156,945	14,879,668	10,205,030
	(i)	Income per unit sold	4.219454	4.759290	5.328764	4.894635	3.335390
	(7)	por arm oota	4.215404	4.000012	4.123359	3.814252	3.592901
(4)	Sundry	Statistics				İ	1
	(a)	Area in km²	3,015	3,015	3,015	2.045	
	(b)	Previous election	0,010	3,013	3,013	3,015	3,015
		Number of registered voters	70.002	70,002	60,625	60.005	
		% poll	,	70,002	00,023	60,625	60,625
	(c)	Building survey:	1				1
		(i) Building plans	i				j
		Number passed	918	873	1128	1107	200
		Value passed (R '000)	2,788,976,000	355,746	263,381	316,760	866
		(ii) Inspections performed	5,800	4,533	3,500		294,624
((d)	Housing	3,333	4,000	3,300	2,600	3,700
		(i) Number of dwelling units	3,044	2,822	2,814	2,747	2 000
		Number of people	-,	-,	2,014	2,141	2,699
		(ii) accommodated	15,220	31,000	30,670	32,249	29,689
		Number of people on waiting	ľ		-,	3-,- 10	23,003
		(iii) fist	8,096	7,668	7,711	7,434	7,529
,	e)	Fire service stations					,
,	~ <i>)</i>	I the activities stations	2	2	2	2	2



Project and Grant ungoing Project and Grant ungoing Project uncompleted Project uncompleted Project uncompletex Project uncompleted non copillance Project ongoing None None None None None None 2012 -11- 3 0 Comply with the grant conditions in the forms of talest Yes Yes Yes Yes 5 Yes ş Ž, Yes Reason for deaty/ witholding of funds Not applicable Not applicably Not applicable Not applicab Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Grants and subsidies dalayed/ withheld Balance 30 June 2012 300,000 477,646 -14,306 190,554 58,134 67,021 81,328 500,000 2,592,047 650,000 48,664 222,133 -383,945 2,574,067 2,077,165 2,341,611 1,118 37,381 110,101 64,513 Dec 11 Morch 12 June 12 4,392,145 151,720 2,936,467 115,000 7,383,255 222,340 1,007,785 5,835,449 GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES RECEIVED **Quartely Exspenses** 691,312 1,294,457 381,730 6,103,141 Sept 11 Sept 11 Dec 11 March 12 14,201,000 2,136,368 2,399,705 1,557,708 1,236,000 9,806,714 **2uarterly Receipts** 3,000,000 23,668,000 338,461 575,174 1,250,000 14,939,000 11,452,860 5,760,843 -20,826 81,328 67,021 38,700 600,000 650.000 -62,327 222,162 103,728 37.381 Balance July 2012 2,620,567 6,458,887 101.011 777,794 Name of organ of state or Muncipality Entity Provincial Provincial Provincial Provincial Provincia: Provincial Provincial Privincial Privincial Provincial Provincial Provincial Provincial Provincial Provincia Provincia Provincial Provincia Provincial aterina Pubila Participation - Enents using consumer Education grant roject Preparation Fund Ground vercency Relief - Reinfecration opraphic information System nnv Side Hostel uparadina for un Infrastructure Grant (MIG) CDW Grant Oper Support 0809 adicinal Plant arouwing Farm 331 People Houstna Prol Zwelet uwartver top structures 0809 NAME OF GRANTS nacial Management grant ystems improvement Grant PW: Expanded Public Works ousing Consumer Education dd Staff at Public Libraries aradha Land Ownership ept Cult. Aff.£ Sport - 0809 ept Cult. Aff.& Sport - 0809 ed Bulk Serv Infrastructure Add Staff at Public Libraries eedcalmina Sonnaveld ISP De Dooms- 577 Erven ational Roads Agency JISP De Dooms- 577 Erven aradina Zwei Taxi Rank ork for Water Projects welethemba 242 erven ational Roads Agency vian park 43B Houses Doorns Tood Shelter **tuttable Share** '08 Avianbark

Project uncompleted

BREEDE VALLEY MUNICIPALITY APPENDIX F GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES RECEIVED

	Name of organ of			Outstart	Outstarty Bacalists							3	Grants and subsidies	sidles			Reason for
NAME OF GRANTS	state or Muncipality Entity	Balance July 2012						Guarrery	Guanely Exspenses		Balance 30 June 2012		dalayed/ withheld	peld	Reason for deaty/ witholding of funds	Comply with the grant conditions in ferms of latest	non copillance
			Sept 11	Dec 11	March 12	June 12	Sept 11	Dec 11	Monch 19	lime 12							
Capacity Building for 20 wards	Cape Wineland district Municipality	34,494	•				°		0	1	34.494	1 1000	Man Man	Dec 11 March 12 June 12			
Facilitate of Immovable Prop	Cape Wineland district	533	•	J	•	•	•	•	•				•		Not applicable	0	Project uncompleted
Clean up Campaign of Sandhills vill	Cape Wineland district	8.501	•	_	-	e						0	0	0	0 Not applicable	No	Project uncompleted
Words Personnel in Combile Viii	Municipality Cape Wineland district		, ,	-	•		-	-	0	0	8,501	0	0	0	O Not applicable	å	Project uncompleted
	Municipality	38,460	•	-	•	•	•	8,999		25,000	4,451	۰	•	0	0 Not applicable	N.	Project uncompleted
Upgrad. Streets - Paving System	Cape Wineland district Municipality	0	•	-		•	•	•	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	,	
Tourism: Econ Development	Cape Winekand district Municipality	•	•	10,516	Let	•	•	9	0	8,768	1,748	o	c	c		9	None
58 Houses for staff (SAMWB)	Housing grants	44,824	•	9			•	J	•		`		, ,			Yes	None
1800 Zwelethemba Hou st na Protect	Housing grants	1,449,005	•	•			-	. •	, -			9	0	0		o Z	Project uncompleted
550 IDT Erven	Housing grants	275	۰	•	•			- 6			1,449,005	0	0			ě	Prolect uncompleted
350 Houses Avian Park	Housing grants	-422,643	•	•	_			- •		7/0		0	0		O Not applicable	ž,	None
339 Houses	Housing grants	24,464	•	•	-					-	422,643	•	0	0	0 Not applicable	Yes	None
Maintenace of Road at Nekkles	Private Donation	•	•	•	_					5	24,464	0	0			ů.	Project uncompleted
Troffees: Special Events	Cape Wineland district Municipality	0	•	•	_	0 20,000		, 6		2000	0 0	0 (0 (0 Not applicable	Yes	None
Lunch for eldery - Prima kliobrakers	Private Donation	0	•	•	-								•	0	Not applicable	Yes	None
Housing MCE Workshops	Private Donation	118	•	•	_	-		. 4		•	5	0	0	0	0 Not applicable	Yes	None
Not Lottery Diff - Zwel sport	Private Donation	335,740	•	0	_	~				•	0	0	0			Yes	None
National Lottery - Sport 10 11	Private Donation	650,000	•	•	-	_		, .			339,740	0	0	•	0 Not applicable	Yes	Project uncompleted
Assets Fire Deci - Vehicle	Private Donation	0	0	•	20.000		-	, (9 90 9	087,068	-142,889	•	0		0 Not applicable	Yes	Project uncompleted
Don Fire Serv Ford Courier	Private Donation	0	•	0		0 17.300	•	, c	200	1	5 (0 (0	0		Yes	None
Don Fire Serv Deaf Merc Benz	Private Donation	0	•	0	_	0 1,854,110	•			1 854 440	5 6	۰ ۵	0 (0	_	*** *	None
Don Fire Serv Dept Dept Co-Op Gov	Private Donation	0	•	•	_	3,915,706	•			3 948 708	•	•	5			Yes	None
Oper Cons Assets for Fire Dept	Private Donation	0	•	۰		0 232,161				232.181	9 6	• •	0 0	0 (Yes	None
Unicity Cape Town - Community Kids	Other Municipalities	19	•	•		٠		51			•	•	•	•	Not applicable	Yes	None
		0	•	•		•	•	•	•	515	0	•	0	0	Not applicable	Yes	None
		14,189,226	59,836,338	26,000,499	41,259,286	17,147,463	27,362,462	31,132,770	33,712,391	47,231,630	18,963,559						



Balance	702/90/2	0,703,007	Balance 11/06/2011					
Ι.	, 3		<u> </u>					
June 12			To Offier Debtors					
March 12 June 12	9.25.9		7,202		7,202	19,262	Refunded	
Dec 11	130 420 252		Conditions met income statement					
Sept 11			Conditions met income statement Operating					
June 12			Withen - off					
March 12 June 12	144,243,585		Capital Donated					
Dec 11	144,24		Other					
Sept 11			Receipted 01/07/2010 30/06/11					
01/07/11	14,139,226		Debit Balance 01/07/2011					
			Unvillsed Balance - 01/07/2011					

SUMMARY

Nota 18 of Statements

Unoffile	fillsed Balance .	Debit Baiance	Receipted	à	Į		Conditions	Conditions met		1	
6	1/02/2011	1102/20/10	30/06/11	Income	Donahed	Withen - off	statement	statement	Refunded	Officer	Balance 31/06/2011
							CONTRACTOR	Common			
•	.620,733	14,659,959	138.143.792	262.677	S 837 114	•	707 307 80	47 700 740	,		
		1				,	10,070,704	40,735,048	-	-1,007,448 19	19,961,007
	14,139,2	26		144,243,585			139.4	19.429.252		70 91	023 620
										0,70	2,007

Order nr.	Amount	Supplier	Details of irregularity
	SEPTEMBER 2011		
	OEF TEMBER 2011		The company rendered the engineer or worth to sent the state of
1092531	R 24,553.32	Ilizwe Armed Security Cc	The company rendered the services on month to month without having to go out or tender
		•	
	NOVEMBER 2011		
	R 156.30	Bovallei Ingenieurswerke	Interest paid- Expenditure that could have been avoided should reasonable care be taken
1096530	FEBRUARY 2012	0.43.4.0.4.	
1096530	R 4,140.00 R 10,420,88	Cuisine Caterers Afrox	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1097109	R 10,420.00 R 11.131.39	Afrox	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1097109	R 2,484.21	Diesel Mec	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1097230			Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1097230	R 3,680.00	I S Caterers	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
	R 3,500.00	Bonnievale Passenger Services	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1097322	R 2,006.40	Winterbach Broers BK	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1097323	R 2,006.40	Winterbach Broers BK	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1097325	R 2,558.16	Winterbach Broers BK	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
	R 41,927.44		
	MAY 2012		
1099919	R 5,750.00	Harry's Upholsterers	Goods were delivered as any income and as a state of the
1000070	100,700.00	riairy's Opiloisteleis	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
	JUNE 2012		
1100414	R 6,466.00	Koop En Bou	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1100695	R 2.280.00	Curtain , Linen & Crockery	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1100767	R 2,223.00	Tess Graphics	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1101095	R 87,717.50	GPS Sales And Training	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1100911	R 2,800,00	Suribel Trading	Goods were delivered or services rendrered prior to obtaining an official order
1100430	R 8,142.50	Juta And Company	The company is not allowed to make business with the state.
	R 109,629.00		The semperty to the directed to make business with the state.
	R 69,986.07	Topo prophie	
	R 80,575.55	Tess graphic Hippo Wassery	
	R 150,561.62	_ nippo vvassery	
Additional	1 100,001.02		
/ dditional			Pendering convits convices on a month to month havin without having to full
	R 2,699,083.25	Global Security	Rendering security services on a month-to-month basis without having to follow a no tender process.
	,,	J. J	Rendering security services on a month-to-month basis without having to follow a no
	R 755,802.73	_ Future Security	tender process.
	R 3,454,885.98		
sure after findings			
174330	B 50 000 00	H	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
174330	R 50,000.00	Human Capital Life Coaching	Comaf 13,14 11/12 Financial Year Audit
1030313	R 25,000.00	Golden Awards 1419 CC	Comaf 16 11/12 Financial Year Audit
	R 5,827.00	Canopy Country	
•	R 80,827.00	-	
TOTAL	R 3,868,290,66		



Appendix H: Statement of Comparative and Actual Information

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

Description					2011/2012				
R thousand or R	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o Council approved by - law)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised Expenditure	Variance	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget
	+	2	3	4	60	9	7	c	•
Financial Performance Property rates	95,235,394	96,106,514	(3,671,163)	92.435.351	93 710 087		1 274 736		
Service charges	332,329,772	334,121,959	(18,538,555)	315,583,404	314,487,744		(1,095,660)	101	88 8
Transfers recognised - operational	9,546,400	9,546,400	•	9,546,400	9,906,450	•	360,050	\$	\$ 5
Other own revenue	39,524,404	38,213,434	•	38,213,434	37,959,905	•	(6,765,960) (253,529)	8 8	8 8
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	581,193,946	578,449,696	(22,209,718)	556,239,978	549,759,615		(6.480.363)	8	36
Employee costs	2000							3	8
Remuneration of councillors	11 478 560	187,730,384	(310,000)	187,420,384	175,656,917	1	(11,763,467)	8	26
Debt impairment	6,000,000	6,000,000	•	9/5/22/21	11,956,596	0	(299,380)	86	\$
Depreciation & asset impairment	66,254,509	66,733,283	•	66,733,283	64,729,687	1 ((2,003,596)	76	4 8
Materials and bulk ourchases	32,004,647	32,004,647		32,004,647	27,575,546	0	(4,429,101)	· 8	3 8
2017 - 11- 4	150,000	208,483,563	94.05g	208,827,622	214,320,288	1	5,492,666	103	86
Other expenditure	118,168,075	120,887,538	(22,263,777)	98,623,761	148,800	2 ((1,200)	80	8 8
Total Expenditure	APE DAG APA	624 94E 904	100 000 0400	410					
	Tank and a second	100,000	(011,027,110)	014,010,073	604,725,893		(7,289,779)	8	96
Surplus/(Deficit) Transfers recognised - capital	(54,060,389)	(56,795,695)	20,000	(55,775,695)	(54,966,278)		809,416	86	102
Contributions recognised - capital & contributed assets	-	- 141,04	1	46,747,253	45,733,548	U	(1,013,705)	86	150
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	(23.493.389)	(9 048 442)	000 00	(0 000 440)					•
Share of surplus (deficit) of associate			ann'er	(0,040,004)	(8,434,(30)	•	(204,289)	102	39
Strentters Hadisth fan the cons				•	•		1	•	,
or pros(bener) for the year	(23,493,389)	(9,048,442)	20,000	(9,028,442)	(9,232,730)	- 在一种	(204,289)	102	39
Capital Expanditure & Funds Sources									
Capital Expenditure									
Fransfer recognised - capital Public contributions	30,067,000	46,247,253	•	46,247,253	39,896,432		(6,350,821)	88	133
Borrowing	75.114.120	500,000 80.874.548		500,000 80 874 548	5,837,116	1	5,337,116	1,167	,
Internally generated funds	7,831,858	10,723,477	•	10,723,477	7,843,308	1 1	(2,880,169)	73	100
Total Sources of Capital Funds	113,512,978	138.345.278		138 345 279	73 077 534	The Residence of the second party of the	1000		
							(04,307,744)	23	99
Cash Flows Net Cash from (used) Operating Net Cash from (used) Investing	55,484,499	58,199,407		58,199,407	68,238,450	•	10,039,043	117	123
Net Cash from (used) Financing Cash and Casck equivalents at beginning of year	27,653,999	27,720,999		27,720,999	(76,327,838)	1	102,166,940 (51,252,284)	14 (85)	15 (85)
Net Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents at the Year End	(25,524,480)	(32,574,372)	I MANAGEMENT OF THE PARTY OF TH	(32,574,372)	28,379,327	· 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	60,953,699	(87)	(111)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated) APPENDIX I

Disclosure in terms of S45 of the Supply Chain Management Policy

In terms of S45 of the Supply Chain Management Policy the accounting officer must ensure that the notes to the financial statements disclose particulars of any award of more than R2000.00

to a person who is a spouse, child or parent of a person in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months, including:

- a) the name of that person
- b) the capacity in which that person is in the service of the state; and
- c) the amount of the award

Awards (total amount) for the 2011/2012 financial year

Awards and payments to persons with relatives in the service of Breede Valley Municipality

A Karriem Transport (Spouse of Majleda Karriem)

Awards to the amount of R 5500.00 were made to A Karriem Transport

Majieda Karriem is a Clerk in Revenue section within the Financial Services Directorate of the Breede Valley Municipality (resigned during in May 2012)

C P Jansen Taxi's (Brother of Reggie Jansen)

Awards to the amount of R3 900.00 were made to C P Jansen Taxi's

Reggie Jansen is a Plan Examiner of the Building Control Section within the Operational Directorate of the Breede Valley Municipality

Enkosi Construction (Spouse of Juliette Winnaar)

Awards to the amount of R45 900.00 was made to Enkosi Construction

Juliette Winnaar is an employee in the WWTW Section within the Directorate: Operations of the Breede Valley Municipality

Geldenhuys General Constructions

Awards to the amount of R14 500.00 was made to Geledenhuys General Construction Siegfried Geldenhuys was a councillor in council of Breede Valley Municipality. The term ended May 2011

MS Enterprises (Spouse of William Manuel)

Awards to the amount of R66 150.00 were made to MS Enterprises William Manuel is an employee of the Breede Valley Municipality

Mayeki N E Taxi Services (Parent of G Simpiwe Mayeki)

Awards to the amount of R600.00 were made to Mayeki N E Catering Services

Simpliwe Mayeki is the Area Manager: De Dooms under the office of the Municipal Manager of the Breede Valley Municipality

NDS Enterprises (Brother of Juliette Winnaar)

Awards to the amount of R16 025.00 was made to NDS Enterprises

Juliette Winnaar is an employee in the WWTW Section within the Directorate: Operations of the Breede Valley Municipality

Rub-N-Dub Car Wash (Sister of Sameera Kafaar)

Awards to the amount of R3 855.00 was made to Rub-N-Dub Car Wash

Sameera Kafaar is a Senior Clerk: Creditors within the Directorate: Finance of the Breede Valley Municipality

T H Traders (Brother of Deon Human)

Awards to the amount of R13 765.00 was made to T H Traders

Deon Human is a storeman in the Parks & Recreational Section within the Directorate: Operations of the Breede Valley Municipality

Total Payments

9

R 170,195.00

Awards and payments to persons with relatives in the service other municipalities

Alsu Enterprises (Brother of Johannes Viljoen)

Awards to the amount of R22 074.23 were made to Alsu Enterprises

Johannes Viljoen is the Chief Electrical Engineer at Saldanha Bay Municipality

Total Payments

1

R 22,074.23



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 Restated)

APPENDIX I

Awards and payments to persons with relatives in other State Departments

CLA Fencing (Relative to W Herder)

Awards to the amount of R1 800.00 were made to CLA Fencing

Conradie incorporated (A member is a spouse of Tara Conradie)

Awards to the amount of R53 010.00 were made to Conradie Incorporated Tara Conradie is an employee in the Western Cape Education Department

Cosmic Security and Cleaning (Spouse of Arnold Wagner)

Awards to the amount of R620 969.40 were made to Cosmic Security and Cleaning Services Amold Wagner is employed by the South African Correctional Services

Devotion Dell (Sister - Magdalene Brandt)

Awards to the amount of R7 480.00 were made to Devotion Deli Magdalene Brandt is an employee in the Western Cape Education Department

Flexible Dansgroep (Member of NPO who is a brother to September Andrew)

Awards to the amount of R11 350.00 were made to Flexible Dansgroep September is employed by the South African Correctional Services

Future Security Services (Brother - Abraham Bernard Heyns)

Awards to the amount of R820 444.33 were made to Future Security Services Abraham Bernard Heyns is employed by the South African Police Department

Hippo Wassery II (Spouse of Andre Abrahams)

Awards to the amount of R80 575.55 were made to Hippo Wassery II Andre Abrahams is employed by the South African Police Department, Worcester

J Witbool Kontrakteur (Spouse of Mercia Witbool)

An Award to the amount of R12 500.00 was made to J Witbooi Kontrakteur Mercia Witbooi is a Teacher in the Western Cape Education Department

JC Trading (Brother - Stemmet Clive Cupido)

Awards to the amount of R19 1000.00 were made to JC Trading Stemmet Clive cupido is an employee in the South Africa Correctional Service

Kaizen Chemicals CC (Child of Erna Bowers)

Awards to the amount of R437 394.52 were made to Kaizen Chemicals CC Erria Bowers is an employee in the service of the Department of Helath

Krieger C (Cathy) (Spouse of Jacob Krieger)

Awards to the amount of R66 715.00 were made to Krieger C Jacob Krieger is a Teacher in the Western Cape Education Department

M P Builders & Civil CC

Awards to the amount of R14 500.00 were made to M P Builders & Civil Josef Persent is a Teacher in the Western Cape Education Department

Mvambane Tradings CC (Parent of Luyanda Mooi)

Awards to the amount of R26 190.00 were made to Mvambane Tradings cc Luyanda Mooi is a warden in the Department of Correctional Services

M.M Du Toit (Spoues of W.J Du Toit)

Awards to the amount of R6 000.00 were made to M.M Du Toit)
W.J Du Toit is an employee in the service of Transnet

Ntsimbi Weiding and Cleaning Services (Brother of Patronella B Ndata)

Awards to the amount of R13 677.00 were made to Ntsimbi Welding and Cleaning Services Patronella B Ndata is an employee (Teacher) in the Westem Cape Education Department

Southern Cape Trees (Brother of Abraham Pokwas)

Awards to the amount of R51 500.00 were made to Southern Cape Trees Abraham Pokwas is employed by the South African Police Department

Wallet Cleaning Services (Brother of Petula Shortles)

Awards to the amount of R5 590.00 were made to Wallet Cleaning Services Petula Shortles is employed by the South African Police Department

 Total Payments
 17
 R 2,248,795.80

 Grand Total
 27
 R 2,441,065.03

